

## YORKSHIRE DALES NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

## **STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS**

2013/2014

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## STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS

## **Explanatory Foreword**

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. The Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority was constituted on 1 April 1997 under the Environment Act 1995, and took over the responsibilities previously undertaken by North Yorkshire County Council through its Yorkshire Dales National Park Committee.
- 2. The Authority's accounts for the year ended 31 March 2014 are presented in the format laid down in the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom: 2013/14 by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and approved by the Accounting Standards Board.

The Statements included in the accounts are as follows:

- a) Explanatory Foreword the purpose of this is to indicate the most significant matters impacting on the Authority's financial position. In particular it shows the Authority's performance against budget for the financial year and the resources used.
- b) Movement in Reserves Statement this shows the movement in the year on the different reserves held by the Authority, analysed into 'usable reserves' and other reserves. The Surplus on the Provision of Services line shows the true economic cost of providing the Authority's services, more details of which are shown in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The net increase/decrease before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves line shows the statutory General Fund Balance before any discretionary transfers to or from earmarked reserves undertaken by the Authority.
- c) Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement which shows the accounting cost in the year of providing services in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices. It shows income receivable and expenditure incurred in the year by the Authority in order to undertake its activities and services. It includes gains or losses which do not arise out of the operation of the Authority's activities and includes adjustments relating to the revaluation of assets or actuarial valuation of the pension fund assets and liabilities.
- d) Balance Sheet this shows the value as at the Balance Sheet date of the assets and liabilities recognised by the Authority. The net assets of the Authority (assets less liabilities) are matched by the reserves held by the Authority. Reserves are reported in two categories, the first being usable reserves that may be used to provide services subject to the need to maintain a prudent level of reserves and any statutory limitations on their use. The second being reserves that cannot be used to provide services. This includes reserves that hold unrealised gains and losses

(such as the revaluation reserve), where amounts would only become available to provide services if the assets are sold; and reserves that hold timing differences shown in the Movement of Reserves Statement line 'Adjustments between accounting basis and funding basis under regulations'.

- e) Cash Flow Statement this shows the change in cash and cash equivalents of the Authority during the reporting period. The statement shows how the Authority generated and used cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities. The amount of net cash flows arising from operating activities is a key indicator of the extent to which the operations of the Authority are funded by way of grant income or from the recipients of services provided by the Authority. Investing activities represent the extent to which cash outflows have been made for resources which are intended to contribute to the Authority's future service delivery. Cash flows arising from financing activities are useful in predicting claims on future cash flows by providers of capital to the Authority.
- 3. These accounts are supported by a Statement of Accounting Policies detailing the basis upon which the accounts have been prepared, estimation techniques used and supplementary notes which provide further information on the figures stated in the accounting statements.
- 4. **Annual Governance Statement** the statement sets out the framework for financial control and corporate governance which the Authority has in place to ensure that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards and that public money is safeguarded. It is provided at the end of this document but does not form part of the Statement of Accounts.
- 5. The Authority is an admitted body to the North Yorkshire Pension Fund.

#### Change in net position on the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

Members' attention is drawn to Note 17, which discloses the status of the Authority's overall liability in relation to its participation in the LGPS. As at 31 March 2014, the net liability (assets minus liabilities) stood at £2.779m, a reduction in the liability of £4.307m on the previous year's value (£7.086m).

There are a number of reasons why the deficit has decreased:

- Assets increased in real terms by £3.578m, exceeding the Actuary's expected return of £1.733m mainly due to an increase in equities of £2.840m and also increases in bonds and property;
- Liabilities decreased by £0.729m, due to increasing yields on equities which are used to discount future pension payments. Higher yields result in lower liability values and vice versa. Another factor is changes in inflation expectations.

- The effect of changes in actuarial assumptions since last year. These are as a result of the increase in discount rates due to rises in corporate bond yields over the year, together with the revised pay growth assumptions introduced as part of last year's actuarial valuation (in particular the reduction of 0.25% p.a. in the long-term rate of assumed pay growth and the allowance for pay restraint in the shorter term).
- The effect of bringing in the results of the 2013 actuarial valuation (where the effect of factors such as low pay growth over the three years to 31 March 2013 has now fed its way into the accounting calculations).
- The effect of membership movements, including data changes, identified as part of the 2013 actuarial valuation.
- Increased life expectancy of future pensioners.

#### SUMMARY OF REVENUE SPENDING

6. The main components of the budget for 2013/14 and a comparison with the actual position are set out overleaf. These figures are prior to the reallocation of corporate costs as required by the Service Reporting Code of Practice for Local Authorities (SERCOP) and charges for the use of assets. The figures reconcile to the annual outturn. A segmental analysis is included in Note 19 reconciling the Outturn to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

## Outturn Summary of Revenue Spending

	2013/14	2013/14	2013/14
	Budget	Outturn	Variance
Compositive and	£000	£000	£000
Expenditure	CC7.4	001.4	0.0
Conservation of the Natural Environment	667.4	661.4	6.0
Conservation of Cultural Heritage	288.1	232.6	55.6
Recreation Management and Transport	1,232.5	1,153.1	79.4
Promoting Understanding	1,321.1	1,267.6	53.5
Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	377.1	364.5	12.6
Development Control	533.1	525.3	7.8
Forward Planning	356.3	357.8	(1.5)
Corporate and Democratic Core	1,566.3	1,447.1	119.2
Training .			0.0
Total Expenditure	6,341.9	6,009.4	332.5
Income			
Conservation of the Natural Environment	80.0	104.5	(24.6)
Conservation of Cultural Heritage	85.7	59.2	26.6
Recreation Management and Transport	691.9	675.1	16.8
Promoting Understanding	272.7	295.6	(23.0)
Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	11.4	8.8	2.5
Development Control	186.5	150.7	35.8
Forward Planning			0.0
Corporate and Democratic Core	70.0	52.2	17.9
Training			0.0
Total Income	1,398.1	1,346.1	52.0
Net Expenditure	4,943.8	4,663.3	280.5
Financial Du			
Financed By National Park Grant	4,528.0	4,528.0	0.0
Contribution from/(to) Reserve Balances	4,528.0	135.3	280.5
Total	4,943.8	4,663.3	280.5
•			
Reserves	01/04/2013	Movement	31/03/2014
Reserves Balance	1,921.4	(135.3)	1,786.1
Earmarked Contingency	274.0	0.0	274.0
Total Reserves	2,195.4	(135.3)	2,060.1
·			

The Authority has reported an apparent net favourable variance against budget of £280.5k in 2013/14. However, this is in part a product of accounting treatment, the most notable points being:

- A number of projects, totalling (£241.5k), will be carried forward for completion in 2014/15:
- In addition to the balance above £64.7k was the balance of the unallocated Opportunities Fund for the year.

Further movements of items not reflected above at 31/3/14 are outlined in the reconciliation within the 'Segment Reporting' note on page 42.

The reserves balance of £1786.1k consists of £200k Opportunities Fund for 2014/15, £200k provisionally allocated to 2015/16 and 2016/17, £200.0k Operational Risk Reserve, £126.4k Property Reserve, £241.5k Carried Forward Budgets, and £1018.2k Strategic Reserve.

- 7. Revenue Working Balance: The Authority seeks to maintain a permanent balance sheet reserve as a contingency against unexpected events, in line with advice from the Audit Commission. At present, the Authority has a target objective for the level of this contingency reserve to be no lower than 5% of the DEFRA Core Grant, which is met by the current level of the contingency reserve (£274.0k).
- 8. The Authority transfers any unallocated surpluses on its projects or programmes during the year to reserves; out of these reserves £200.0k is allocated to the Opportunities Fund which is used to fund additional project or programme costs, or to provide a source of matched funding for new externally funded projects.
- 9. Current Economic Climate: The Authority is funded mainly by a DEFRA Core Grant. The indicative grant settlement for the next 2 years to 2016/17 reduces the grant year on year. The following table shows the impact of the reduction from 2010/11 (when the budget reductions started) and to future funding; in cash terms.

	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15	2015/16
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
DEFRA Core Grant Allocation	5,472	5,108	4,818	4,528	4,238	4,070
Sustainable Development Fund	200	0	0	0	0	0
Cumulative Reduction £	(274)	(564)	(854)	(1,144)	(1,434)	(1,602)
Cumulative Reduction %	5.0%	9.9%	15.1%	20.2%	25.3%	28.2%

The Authority met the reduced central funding in 2013/14 by:

- paring back on project and overhead spending,
- pursuing grant income and sponsorship from other sources,
- Renewable Heat Incentive and Feed in Tariff income created by the solar panels and biomass boilers, and
- use of reserves (118k).

Reserves are held by the Authority, and are used for capital works, and to provide an Opportunities Fund. The current reserves are adequate for an organisation of this size, and are high enough to withstand the short term volatility of our income deficit. Long term the Authority will not be able to maintain the current programmes using the reserves to top up the shortfall.

The Authority does not currently require any borrowing to finance its capital works.

10. Future Funding: The Authority is taking a more commercial approach to raising funds to continue the project work within the Park. A Commercial Acumen Group has been formed to formalise the Authority's approach to pursuing grants and sponsorship in the future.

## 11. Major Capital Investments:

- Biomass Boiler installed into the Dales Countryside Museum (117k)
- Major improvements project for the museum layout and interpretation (50k), the project is being completed in the first quarter of 2014/15 and the balance of the budget is included in the carry forward figures.

## 12. Provisions and Contingencies:

 Major provisions are Swaledale Barns and Walls Legacy (105.9k) which will be spent when a suitable project in line with the Authority's objectives is commenced, and Sustainable Development Fund committed funding (107.1k), which will be spent in 2014/15.

#### CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRESENTATION OF THE ACCOUNTS

- 13. The policies are set out formally in the Statement of Accounting Policies. The policies adopted in 2013/14 are compliant with the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom: 2013/14.
- 14. Revisions have been made to IAS19 (Pensions) (note 27) for fiscal years on or after 1 January 2013, necessitating a restatement of the prior years figures, the key areas of change are:
  - Interest on assets: Under the new guidance the expected return on assets is replaced with 'interest on assets'. This is the interest on assets held at the start of the period and cash flows occurring during the period, calculated using the discount rate at the start of the year.

The interest cost and expected return on assets is replaced with the 'net interest cost'. This is interest on pension liabilities less interest on assets.

 Recognition of actuarial gains and losses: Under the new guidance all actuarial gains and losses must be recognised in the year of occurrence via 'other comprehensive income', therefore deferred recognition will not be allowed. Actuarial gains and losses due to the changes in actuarial assumptions must now be split between 'financial' and 'demographic' assumptions.

• Terminology Changes: Remeasurements (assets), return on plan assets net of expenses and interest income. It replaces actuarial gains and losses on assets. Remeasurements (liabilities), replaces actuarial gains and losses on liabilities.

The Pension Statement and main accounting reports have been restated to reflect these changes.

# RICHARD BURNETT TREASURER TO THE YORKSHIRE DALES NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

Finance Department, Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority, Yoredale, Bainbridge, Leyburn, North Yorkshire, DL8 3EL

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF YORKSHIRE DALES NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

## **Opinion on the Authority financial statements**

We have audited the financial statements of Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority for the year ended 31 March 2014 under the Audit Commission Act 1998. The financial statements comprise the Movement in Reserves Statement, the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes 1 to 30. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2013/14.

This report is made solely to the members of Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority in accordance with Part II of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 48 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies published by the Audit Commission in March 2010. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Authority those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Authority, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Respective responsibilities of the Treasurer and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts, the Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the Statement of Accounts, which includes the financial statements, in accordance with proper practices as set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom, and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

## Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Authority's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Treasurer; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the explanatory foreword to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority as at 31 March 2014 and of its expenditure and income for the year then ended; and
- have been prepared properly in accordance with the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2013/14.

## **Opinion on other matters**

In our opinion, the information given in the explanatory foreword for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Matters on which we report by exception

We report to you if:

- in our opinion the annual governance statement does not reflect compliance with 'Delivering Good Governance in Local Government: a Framework' published by CIPFA/SOLACE in June 2007;
- we issue a report in the public interest under section 8 of the Audit Commission Act 1998:
- we designate under section 11 of the Audit Commission Act 1998 any recommendation as one that requires the Authority to consider it at a public meeting and to decide what action to take in response; or
- we exercise any other special powers of the auditor under the Audit Commission Act 1998.

We have nothing to report in these respects

# Conclusion on Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

#### Respective responsibilities of the Authority and the auditor

The Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources, to ensure proper stewardship and governance, and to review regularly the adequacy and effectiveness of these arrangements.

We are required under Section 5 of the Audit Commission Act 1998 to satisfy ourselves that the Authority has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission requires us to report to you our conclusion relating to proper arrangements, having regard to relevant criteria specified by the Audit Commission.

We report if significant matters have come to our attention which prevent us from concluding that the Authority has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We are not required to consider, nor

have we considered, whether all aspects of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources are operating effectively. Scope of the review of arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources

We have undertaken our audit in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice, having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria, published by the Audit Commission in October 2013, as to whether the Authority has proper arrangements for:

- · securing financial resilience; and
- challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

The Audit Commission has determined these two criteria as those necessary for us to consider under the Code of Audit Practice in satisfying ourselves whether the Authority put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2014.

We planned our work in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice. Based on our risk assessment, we undertook such work as we considered necessary to form a view on whether, in all significant respects, the Authority had put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

#### Conclusion

On the basis of our work, having regard to the guidance on the specified criteria published by the Audit Commission in October 2013, we are satisfied that, in all significant respects, Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority put in place proper arrangements to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources for the year ended 31 March 2014.

#### Certificate

We certify that we have completed the audit of the accounts of Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

Christopher Powell FCA (Engagement Lead) For an on behalf of Deloitte LLP Appointed Auditor Leeds, United Kingdom 23 September 2014

## Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts

The Authority is required:

- a) to make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to ensure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. For the Authority, that officer is the S151 Treasurer.
- b) to manage its affairs to secure the economic, efficient and effective use of resources and to safeguard its assets; and
- c) to approve the Statement of Accounts.

The S151 Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the Authority's Statement of Accounts, in accordance with proper practices set out in the CIPFA/LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom ('the Code of Practice').

In preparing the statement of accounts, the S151 Treasurer has:

- a) selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- b) made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent, and;
- c) complied with the Code

The S151 Treasurer has also:

- a) kept proper accounting records that were up to date; and
- b) taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

#### **CERTIFICATE OF THE S151 TREASURER**

I certify that the Statement of Accounts presents a true and fair view of the financial position of the Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority at the accounting date and the income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2014.

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R Burnett S151 Treasurer Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority

23 September 2014

#### **Notes to the Accounts**

#### 1. General

The Statement of Accounts summarises the Authority's transactions for the 2013/14 financial year and its position at the year end of 31 March 2014. It has been prepared in accordance with the statutory framework established for England by the 'Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011', which require accounts to be prepared with proper accounting practices. These practices comprise the "Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2013/14" and "Service Reporting Code of Practice 2013/14" supported by International Reporting Standards (IFRS) and statutory guidance issued under section 12 of the 2011 Act.

The accounting convention adopted in the Statement of Accounts is principally historical cost, modified by the revaluation of certain categories of non current assets and financial instruments.

## 2. Accruals of Income and Expenditure

Activity is accounted for in the year it takes place, not simply when the cash payments are made or received. In particular:

- Revenue from sales of goods is recognised when the Authority transfers
  the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the purchaser and it is
  probable that economic benefits or service potential associated with the
  transaction will flow to the Authority.
- Revenue from the provision of services is recognised when the Authority
  can measure reliably the percentage of completion of the transaction and
  it is probable that economic benefits or service potential associated with
  the transaction will flow to the Authority.
- Supplies are recorded as expenditure when they are consumed where there is a gap between the date supplies are received and their consumption; they are carried as inventories on the Balance Sheet.
- Expenses in relation to services received are recorded as expenditure when the services are received rather than when the payments are made.
- Interest receivable on investments and payable on borrowings is accounted for respectively as income and expenditure on the basis of the effective interest rate for the relevant financial instrument rather than the cash flows fixed or determined by the contract.
- Where revenue and expenditure have been recognised but cash has not been received or paid, a debtor or creditor for the relevant amount is recorded in the Balance Sheet. Where debts may not be settled, the balance of debtors is written down and a charge made to revenue for the income that might not be collected.

## 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are investments that mature in three months or less from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Authority's cash management.

# 4. Prior Period Adjustments, Changes in Accounting Policies and Estimates and Errors

Prior Period Adjustments may arise as a result of a change in accounting policies or to correct a material error. Changes in accounting estimates are accounted for prospectively, i.e. in the current and future years affected by the change and do not give rise to a prior period adjustment.

Changes in accounting policies are only made when required by proper accounting practices or the change provides more reliable or relevant information about the effect of transactions, other events and conditions on the Authority's financial position or financial performance. Where a change is made, it is applied retrospectively by adjusting opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period as if the policy had always been applied.

Material errors discovered in prior period figures are corrected retrospectively by amending opening balances and comparative amounts for the prior period.

#### 5. Charges to Revenue for Non-Current Assets

Services, support services and trading accounts are debited with the following amounts to record the cost of holding fixed assets during the year:

- depreciation attributable to the assets used by the relevant service; and
- revaluation and impairment losses on assets used by the service where there are no accumulated gains in the Revaluation Reserve against which losses can be written off.

Depreciation, revaluation and impairment losses are replaced by the contribution in the General Fund Balance by way of an adjusting transaction within the Capital Adjustment Account in the Movement in Reserves Statement. This is the minimum Revenue Provision.

#### 6. Employee Benefits

#### **Benefits Payable during Employment**

Short-term employee benefits are those due to be settled within 12 months of the year-end. They include benefits such as salaries, paid annual leave, and paid sick leave for current employees and are recognised as an expense for services in the year in which employees render service to the Authority. An accrual is made for the cost of any type of leave entitlements earned by employees but not taken before the year-end which employees can carry

forward into the next financial year. The accrual is made at the wage and salary rates applicable in the following accounting year, being the period in which the employee takes the benefit. The accrual is charged to Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services, but then reversed out through the Movement in Reserves Statement so that the holiday benefits are charged to revenue in the financial year in which the holiday absence occurs.

#### **Termination Benefits**

Termination benefits are amounts payable as a result of a decision by the Authority to terminate an officer's employment before the normal retirement date or an officers decision to accept voluntary redundancy and are charged on an accruals basis to the service lines in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement when the Authority is demonstrably committed to the termination of the employment of an officer or group of officers or making an offer to encourage voluntary redundancy.

Where termination benefits involve the enhancement of pensions, statutory provisions require the General Fund Balance to be charged with the amount payable by the Authority to the pension fund or pensioner in the year, not the amount calculated according to the relevant accounting standards. In the Movement in Reserves Statement, appropriations are required to and from the pensions reserve to remove the notional debits and credits for pension enhancement termination benefits and replace them with debits for the cash paid to the pension fund and pensioners and any such amounts payable but unpaid at year-end.

## 7. Post Employment Benefits

Employees, subject to certain qualifying criteria, are eligible to join the North Yorkshire Local Government Pension Scheme, administered by North Yorkshire County Council, which provides Members with defined benefits earned as employees working for the Authority.

The Local Government Pension Scheme is accounted for as a defined benefits scheme:

- The liabilities of the pension fund attributable to the Authority are included in the balance sheet on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method i.e. an assessment of the future payments that will be made in relation to retirement benefits earned to date by employees, based on assumptions about mortality rates, employee turnover rates etc., and projections of earnings for current employees.
- The assets are included in the Balance Sheet at fair value;
  - o quoted securities at current bid price;
  - o unquoted securities at professional estimate:
  - o unitised securities at current bid price;
  - property at market value;

- The change in the net pensions liability is analysed into seven components;
  - current service cost the increase in liabilities as a result of years of service earned this year, allocated in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement to the services for which the employees worked;
  - past service cost the increase in liabilities arising from current year decisions whose effect relates to years of service earned in earlier years, debited to the Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of Non Distributed Costs:
  - interest cost the expected increase in the present value of liabilities during the year as they move one year closer to being paid, debited to the Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement;
  - expected return on assets the annual investment return on the fund assets attributable to the Authority, based on an average of the expected long-term return, credited to the Financing & Investment Income and Expenditure line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement;
  - gains or losses on settlements and curtailments the results of actions to relieve the Authority of liabilities or events that reduce the expected future service or accrual of benefits of employees, debited or credited to the Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of Non Distributed Costs;
  - actuarial gains and losses changes in the net pensions liability that arise because events have not coincided with assumptions made at the last actuarial valuation or because the actuaries have updated their assumptions, debited to the Pensions Reserve; and
  - contributions paid to the North Yorkshire Local Government Pension
     Scheme cash paid as employers contributions to the pension fund in settlement of liabilities; not accounted for as an expense.

In relation to retirement benefits, statutory provisions require the General Fund balance to be charged with the amount payable by the Authority to the pension fund or directly to pensioners in the year, not the amount calculated according to the relevant accounting standards. In the Movement in Reserves Statement, this means that there are appropriations to and from the Pension Reserve to remove the notional debits and credits for retirement benefits and replace them with debits for the cash paid to the pension fund and pensioners and any such amounts payable but unpaid at the year-end. The negative balance that arises on the Pensions Reserve thereby measures the beneficial impact to the General Fund of being required to account for retirement benefits on the basis of cash flows rather than as benefits earned by employees.

#### 8. Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments are formally defined within The Code as contracts that give rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The term financial instrument covers both financial assets and financial liabilities and covers the most straightforward financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables and trade payables and the most complex ones such as derivatives and embedded derivatives.

Accounting policies in line with The Code for Financial Instruments have been applied.

## **Treasury Management**

The Authority has an arrangement with North Yorkshire County Council whereby the balance of the Authority's bank account is merged each day with the balances of the County Council and several other organisations. These balances are then invested by North Yorkshire County Council and interest is paid to the Authority based on the actual overall rate achieved.

#### 9. Grants

Grants are assistance in the form of transfers of resources to the Authority in return for past or future compliance with certain conditions relating to the operation of activities. Whether paid on account, by instalments or in arrears, government grants and third party contributions and donations are recognised as due to the Authority when there is a reasonable assurance that:

- the Authority has complied with the conditions attached to the payments, and
- the grants or contributions will be received.

Amounts recognised as due to the Authority are not credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement until conditions attached to the grant or contributions have been satisfied. Conditions are stipulations that specify that the future economic benefits or service potential embodied in the asset acquired using the grant or contribution are required to be consumed by the recipient as specified, or future economic benefits or service potential must be returned to the transferor.

Monies advanced as grants and contributions for which conditions have not been satisfied are carried in the Balance Sheet as creditors. When conditions are satisfied, the grant or contribution is credited to the relevant service line or Non Specific Grant Income in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

Where capital grants are credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement they are reversed out of the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement. Where the grant has yet to be used to finance capital expenditure, it is posted to the Capital Grants Unapplied Reserve. Where it has been applied, it is posted to the Capital Adjustment Account. Amounts in the Capital Grants Unapplied Reserve are transferred to the Capital Adjustment Account once they have been applied to fund capital expenditure.

## 10. Inventories

Inventories are included in the Balance Sheet at the lower of cost price and net realisable value.

#### 11. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases where the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the property, plant or equipment from the lessor to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

The leases are assessed on the length and value of the lease, the responsibilities for maintenance and insurance, and the ability to purchase the asset at a reduced value at the end of the lease. All Authority leases have been classed as operating leases under the rules in IFRS standards on Leasing –IAS 17.

## The Authority as a Lessee

The Authority has entered into leasing arrangements that are defined by The Code as operating leases. In these cases the rentals payable are charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as an expense of the services benefitting from use of the leased property, plant or equipment. Charges are made on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

## The Authority as a Lessor

Where the Authority grants an operating lease over a property or an item of plant or equipment, the asset is retained in the Balance Sheet. Rental income is credited to the Other Operating Expenditure line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. Credits are made on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

## 12. Overheads and Support Services

The costs of overheads and support services are charged to those service lines that benefit from the supply or service in accordance with the costing principles of the CIPFA Service Reporting Code of Practice (SERCOP). The total absorption costing principle is used, in which the full cost of overheads and support services are shared between users in proportion to the benefits received, with the exception of:

- Corporate and Democratic Core costs relating to the Authority's status as a multi-functional, democratic organisation.
- Non-Distributed Costs past employment retirements costs and impairment losses chargeable on Assets Held for Sale.

These two cost categories are defined in the SERCOP and accounted for as separate headings in the Comprehensive Income & Expenditure Statement, as part of Net Expenditure on Continuing Services.

#### 13. Property Plant & Equipment

Assets that have a physical substance and are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes and that are expected to be used during more than one financial year are classified as Property, Plant and Equipment.

#### Recognition

Expenditure on the acquisition, creation or enhancement of Property, Plant and Equipment is capitalised on an accruals basis, provided that it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Authority and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Expenditure that maintains but does not add to an asset's potential to deliver future economic benefits or service potential, i.e. repairs and maintenance, is charged as an expense when it is incurred.

#### Measurement

Assets are initially measured at cost, comprising;

- the purchase price; and,
- any costs attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The cost of an asset acquired other than by purchase is deemed to be its fair value, unless the acquisition does not have a commercial substance. Where the asset is acquired via an exchange, the cost of the acquisition is the carrying amount of the asset given up by the Authority.

Donated assets are initially valued at fair value. The difference between fair value and any consideration paid is credited to the Taxation and Non-Specific Grant Income line of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, unless the donation has been made conditionally. Until conditions are satisfied, the gain is held in the Donated Assets Account. Where gains are credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, they are reversed out of the General Fund Balance to the Capital Adjustment Account in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

Assets are then carried in the balance sheet at depreciated historical cost or existing use value.

Property Plant and Equipment is valued on the basis required by CIPFA in accordance with the Statements of Asset Valuation Principles and Guidance notes issued by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS). Bruton Knowles valued the Authority's land and buildings as at 31 March 2014; revaluation is required at least every five years.

A desktop valuation was carried out by Bruton Knowles as at 31 March 2014, and the change in asset values was under the materiality value so land and buildings are deemed to be held at fair value.

Assets are classified into the groupings required by the 2013/14 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom.

 Land, operational properties and other operational assets are included in the balance sheet at the lower of the net current replacement cost or existing use value, net of depreciation. Assets included in the Balance Sheet at fair value are re-valued where there have been any material changes in the value, but as a minimum every five years. Increases in valuations are matched by credits to the Revaluation Reserve to recognise unrealised gains. Exceptionally, gains might be credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement where they arise from the reversal of an impairment loss previously charged to the revenue account.

On an annual basis all assets are reviewed for evidence of impairment (a decline in their realisable value due to specific events) by suitably qualified property professionals in line with the guidance in The Code. Where impairment is identified as part of this review or as a result of a valuation exercise, this is accounted for as follows:

- Where attributable to the clear consumption of economic benefits the loss is charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement: or
- Otherwise written off against any revaluation gains attributable to the relevant asset in the Revaluation Reserve, with any excess charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

Impairments on revalued assets are recognised in the Revaluation Reserve to the extent that the impairment does not exceed the amount in the Revaluation Reserve for the same asset and thereafter in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

#### **De-Minimus**

Single assets below the value of £1k will not be recorded in the asset register and will be expensed in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in the appropriate service line unless the terms of a grant require it to be applied to capital expenditure. A separate asset directory is maintained recording all assets over £100 or of a portable nature, excluding stationery, retail inventory, and consumables.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is provided for on all assets with a finite useful life (which can be determined at the time of acquisition or revaluation) according to the following policy:

- Buildings (but not the land on which they stand) are depreciated over their remaining useful lives depending on the state of repair of the building.
- Vehicles, plant, furniture and equipment are depreciated over their remaining useful lives depending on the nature of the asset. Assets which will not become impaired are not depreciated.

Remaining useful lives are periodically reviewed and the charge to revenue adjusted if appropriate.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight line method with no residual value at disposal. Revaluation gains are also depreciated, with an amount equal to

the difference between current value depreciation charged on assets and the depreciation that would have been chargeable based on their historical cost being transferred each year from the Revaluation Reserve to the Capital Adjustment Account.

#### Components

Where an asset has components whose cost is significant in relation to the total cost of the item (30% or more), or with a difference in economic life of 10 years or more, the components are depreciated separately. Items will be assessed under the above criteria when new assets are acquired, or existing assets are revalued.

### **Disposal of Property Plant & Equipment**

When an asset is disposed of or decommissioned, the carrying amount of the asset in the Balance Sheet is written off to the Other Operating Expenditure line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement as part of the gain or loss on disposal. Receipts from disposal are also credited to the same line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. Any revaluation gains accumulated for the asset in the Revaluation Reserve are transferred to the Capital Adjustment Account.

Amounts received on disposals in excess of £10k are categorised as capital receipts and the balance credited to the Usable Capital Receipts Reserve, and will only be used to finance new capital investment or set aside to reduce the Authority's underlying need to borrow. Receipts are appropriated to the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

#### **Revaluation Reserve**

This reserve is used solely to account for changes in asset values (either upwards or downwards) following revaluation.

The Capital Adjustment Account represents amounts set aside from revenue resources to finance expenditure on fixed assets and certain other capital transactions.

#### 14. Heritage Assets

Heritage Assets are carried on Balance Sheet. Heritage Assets are non current assets that are intended to be preserved in trust for future generations because of their historical, artistic, scientific, technological, geophysical or environmental qualities. They are held and maintained principally for their contribution to knowledge and culture.

The Authority has conducted a full review to identify any relevant Heritage Assets. The Authority holds Heritage Assets in the Dales Countryside Museum.

Heritage Assets are measured at valuation where available and the asset is recognised within the Balance Sheet. Valuations are reviewed with sufficient frequency to ensure measurement remains current.

Heritage Assets are not subject to depreciation as they are considered to have indefinite lives.

Heritage Assets below the Authority's normal de-minimus value of £1k are not capitalised.

The assets are viewed on a daily basis by visitors, items of value are held in specially designed glass security cabinets, and the building is alarmed.

### 15. Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Authority a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefits or service potential, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the appropriate service line in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in the year that the Authority becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account the relevant risks and uncertainties.

Where payments are then made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance Sheet. The provisions are reviewed on an annual basis.

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

A contingent liability arises where an event has taken place that gives the Authority a possible obligation whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or otherwise of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Authority. Contingent liabilities also arise in circumstances where a provision would otherwise be made but it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured reliably. The Authority has not identified any such contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2014.

#### 16. Reserves

The Authority sets aside specific amounts as reserves for future policy purposes or to cover contingencies. Reserves are created by appropriating amounts out of the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement. When expenditure to be financed from a reserve is incurred, it is charged to the appropriate service in that year to score against the Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of Services in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The reserve is then appropriated back into the General Fund Balance in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

Certain reserves are kept to manage the accounting process for non-current assets, financial instruments, and retirement and employee benefits and do not represent usable resources for the Authority.

## 17. Presentation of Accounting Statements

The accounts are presented in the format required by the Service Reporting Code of Practice, in accordance with the Service Expenditure Analysis developed specifically for National Park Authorities.

#### 18. VAT

VAT payable is included as an expense only to the extent that it is not recoverable from Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs. VAT receivable is excluded from income.

## 19. Critical Judgements in Applying Accounting Policy

In applying the accounting policies set out above, the Authority has had to make certain judgements about complex transactions or those involving uncertainty about future events. The critical judgements made in the Statement of Accounts are:

 There is a degree of uncertainty about future levels of funding for local government. However, the Authority had determined that this uncertainty is not yet sufficient to provide an indication that the assets of the Authority might be impaired as a result of a need to close facilities and reduce levels of service provision further to that already planned in the comprehensive annual budget review.

# 20. Assumptions Made About the Future and Other Major Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

The Statement of Accounts contains estimated figures that are based on assumptions made by the Authority about the future or that are otherwise uncertain. Estimates are made taking into account historical experience, current trends and other relevant factors. However, because balances cannot be determined with certainty, actual results could be materially different from the assumptions and estimates.

The items in the Authority's Balance Sheet at 31 March 2014 for which there is a significant risk of material adjustment in the forthcoming financial year as follows:

		Effect if Actual Results Differ from
ltem	Uncertainties	Assumptions
Pensions Liability	Estimation of the net liability to pay pensions depends on a number of complex judgements relating to the discount rate at which the salaries are projected to increase, changes in retirement ages, mortality rates and expected returns on pension fund assets	The effects on the net pensions liability of changes in individual assumptions can be measured. A 0.1% p.a. change in the discount rate assumption would result in a net change of £432k plus or minus. A 0.1% p.a. change in salary inflation would result in a net change of £124k plus or minus. A 1 year addition to members' life expectancy would increase the net liability by £400k.
Buildings	Repairs and maintenance are provided by the Authority to buildings, with the cut back in Government funding there is a potential that buildings will not be maintained to the same standard and the value could be impaired	If the useful life of the buildings are reduced, depreciation charges will increase and the carrying amount of the asset will fall. It is estimated that for every year that the useful life of the asset is reduced, the effect on the accounts is that the annual depreciation charge will increase by £2.6k in year one, increasing that figure by £0.2k for each subsequent year of life reduced.
Buildings	Restructuring the Authority may lead to the sale of land and buildings, outside those planned and expected	The value of the assets in the balance sheet could be reduced as the assets would be sold and the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Account could be affected if the sales did not bring in the market value of the assets

## 21. Events after the Balance Sheet Date

The Statement of Accounts was authorised for issue by the Chief Financial Officer on 23 September 2014. Events taking place after this date are not reflected in the financial statements or notes. Where events taking place before this date provided information about conditions existing at 31 March 2014, the figures in the financial statements and notes have been adjusted in all material respects to reflect the impact of the information.

There were no significant events after the balance sheet date.

## 22. Going Concern

These accounts are prepared on a going concern basis, although there has been a reduction in grant funding from Central Government, a comprehensive plan of measures are in place to deal with the shortfall including a reduction of facilities and services, commercial income generation, and a comprehensive budget strategy has been approved to 2016/17, although indicative grant allocations have only been received to 2015/16.

# 23. Accounting Standards that have been issued but have not yet been adopted

The 2014/15 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting adopts the following amendment to International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards; there is an amendment to IAS 32 Financial Instruments presentation. Full details of the amendment have not yet been published but the effect on this Authority's Statement of Accounts is expected to be a change in the presentation of the disclosure note only. Other amendments to the 2014/15 Code have been reviewed and are not considered to be relevant or are immaterial to the Authority.

# **CORE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## **Movement in Reserves Statement**

	Notes	ප General Fund 00 Balance	Earmarked Constant General Fund Reserve	ස Capital Grants O Unapplied	හ Total Usable O Reserves	O Unusable Reserves	සි Total Authority 0 Reserves
Balance in Reserves 1 April 2012	=	(1,745.1)	(274.0)	0.0	(2,019.1)	(1,554.7)	(3,573.8)
Surplus on the provision of services	Page 28	211.2	0.0	0.0	211.2	0.0	211.2
Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,366.0	1,366.0
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		211.2	0.0	0.0	211.2	1,366.0	1,577.2
Adjustment between accounting basis and funding basis under regulations	2	(387.5)	0.0	0.0	(387.5)	387.5	0.0
Net increase before transfers to Earmarked	_	,			, ,		
Reserves Transfers to/from Earmarked Reserves	3	(176.3)	0.0	0.0	(176.3)	1,753.5	1,577.2
Transfers to/from Revaluation Reserve	15	0.0 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0 (182.7)	0.0 (182.7)
	-					, ,	. ,
Increase in 2012/13	_	(176.3)	0.0	0.0	(176.3)	1,570.8	1,394.5
Balance at 31 March 2013	=	(1,921.4)	(274.0)	0.0	(2,195.4)	16.1	(2,179.3)
Restated	Page 28	304.2	0.0	0.0	304.2	0.0	304.2
Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	19 _	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1,273.0	1,273.0
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure		304.2	0.0	0.0	304.2	1,273.0	1,577.2
Adjustment between accounting basis and funding basis under regulations	2	(480.5)	0.0	0.0	(480.5)	480.5	0.0
Net increase before transfers to Earmarked Reserves		(176.3)	0.0	0.0	(176.3)	1,753.5	1,577.2
Transfers to/from Earmarked Reserves	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transfers to/from Revaluation Reserve	15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(182.7)	(182.7)
Increase in 2012/13	_	(176.3)	0.0	0.0	(176.3)	1,570.8	1,394.5
Balance at 31 March 2013	=	(1,921.4)	(274.0)	0.0	(2,195.4)	16.1	(2,179.3)
Surplus on the provision of services	Page 28	522.0	0.0	0.0	522.0	0.0	522.0
Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(4,687.0)	(4,687.0)
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Adjustment between accounting basis and funding		522.0	0.0	0.0	522.0	(4,687.0)	(4,165.0)
basis under regulations	2 _	(401.1)	0.0	0.0	(401.1)	401.1	0.0
Net increase before transfers to Earmarked Reserves		121.0	0.0	0.0	121.0	(4,285.9)	(4,165.0)
Transfers to/from Earmarked Reserves	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Transfers to/from Revaluation Reserve	15 _	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Increase in 2013/14		121.0	0.0	0.0	121.0	(4,285.9)	(4,165.0)
Balance at 31 March 2014	-	(1,800.4)	(274.0)	0.0	(2,074.4)	(4,269.8)	(6,344.2)

# **Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement**

## For the year ending 31 March 2014

ന്റ് Gross Expenditure © 2012/13	ങ 60 Income 2012/13	ස Net Expenditure ව 2012/13	ස Net Expenditure S 2012/13 Restated	Heading	Notes	ස Gross Expenditure © 2013/14	ങ 60 Income 2013/14	B Net Expenditure © 2013/14
784.2	(100.4)	683.8	683.8	Conservation of the Natural Environment	19	799.8	(104.5)	695.3
280.2	(45.3)	234.9	234.9	Conservation of Cultural Heritage	19	278.5	(50.4)	228.1
1,918.3	(801.8)	1,116.5	1,116.5	Recreation Management and Transport	19	1,546.2	(675.1)	871.1
1,343.8	(303.4)	1,040.4	1,040.4	Promoting Understanding	19	1,523.0	(295.6)	1,227.4
519.4	(7.7)	511.7	511.7	Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	19	467.4	(8.8)	458.6
821.3	(157.8)	663.5	663.5	Development Control	19	736.0	(150.7)	585.3
408.4	(8.4)	400.0	400.0	Forward Planning	19	419.0	0.0	419.0
334.5	(111.8)	222.7	222.7	Corporate and Democratic Core	19	343.8	(52.2)	291.6
10.0	0.0	10.0	21.0	Non Distributed Costs	27 _	10.0	0.0	10.0
6,420.1	(1,536.7)	4,883.4	4,894.4	Cost of Services		6,123.7	(1,337.3)	4,786.3
		(41.0)	(41.0)	Interest and Investment Income	10			(23.3)
		187.0	269.0	Pension Interest Cost and Expected Return on Pension Assets	27			287.0
	<u>-</u>	146.0	228.0	Financing and Investing Income and Expenditure			-	263.7
		5,029.4	5,122.4	Net Operating Expenditure				5,050.0
		(4,818.2)	(4,818.2)	National Park Grant				(4,528.0)
	_	211.2	304.2	Provision of Services			-	522.0
		1,366.0	1,273.0	Actuarial losses/(gains) on pension assets and liabilities	17			(4,687.0)
	- -	1,366.0	1,273.0	Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			-	(4,687.0)
	-	1,577.2	1,577.2	Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			-	(4,165.0)

# Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2014

31 March 2013 £000		Notes	31 March 2014 £000
7,108.1 6.5	Property Plant and Equipment Heritage Assets Intangibles	5 6	7,079.4 6.5
7,114.6	Long Term Assets		7,085.9
116.4	Inventories	8	117.5
619.4	Short term Debtors	9	372.1
2,054.7	Cash and Cash Equivalents	10	2,162.6
2,790.4	Current Assets		2,652.2
(200.8)	Short Term Provisions	12	(161.7)
(333.0)	Short Term Creditors	11	(347.2)
(533.8)	Current Liabilities		(509.0)
(105.9)	Long Term Provisions	12	(105.9)
(7,086.0)	Pension Liability	27	(2,779.0)
(7,191.9)	Long Term Liabilities		(2,884.9)
2,179.3	NET ASSETS		6,344.2
274.0	Earmarked Reserves	3	274.0
1,921.4	General Fund Balance	Page 27	1,800.4
2,195.4	Usable Reserves		2,074.4
970.4	Revaluation Reserve	15	939.9
6,143.2	Capital Adjustment Account	16	6,144.9
(7,086.0)	Pension Reserve	17	(2,779.0)
(43.7)	Accumulated Absences Account	18	(36.0)
(16.1)	Unusable Reserves		4,269.8
2,179.3	TOTAL RESERVES		6,344.2

I confirm that theses accounts were approved by the Yorkshire Dales
National Park Authority on 23 September 2014

Signed on behalf of the Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority

Chair of the Authority

## **Cash Flow Statement**

## Year Ended 31 March 2014

31 March 2013 £000	Restated 31 March 2013 £000		31 March 2014 £000
		Operating Activities	
(211.2)	(304.2)	Net Surplus on provision of services	(522.0)
185.9	185.9	Depreciation	182.0
0.0	0.0	Impairment & downward valuations	0.0
0.0	0.0	Amortisations	0.0
0.0	0.0	Increase/Decrease in provision for bad debt	0.0
30.0	30.0	(Decrease)/Increase in creditors	14.2
(146.4)	(146.4)	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	247.3
(3.9)	(3.9)	Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(1.2)
207.0	300.0	Pension Liability (Note 27)	380.0
0.0	0.0	Carrying amount of non current asset disposal	0.0
0.0	0.0	Proceeds from sale of asset	0.0
10.0	10.0	(Decrease)/Increase in provisions	(39.2)
0.0	0.0	Grants applied  Adjustment to net surplus on the provision of	0.0
2027	375.7	services for non-cash movements	783.2
282.7	3/3./	services for non-cash movements	703.2
		Adjustments for items included in the net surplus on	
		the provision of services that are investing and	
0.0	0.0	financing activities	0.0
		Č	
71.5	71.5	Net Cashflows from Operating Activities	261.1
		Investing Activities	
		Proceeds from sale of asset	
(7.5)	(7.5)	Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Note 5)	(153.2)
(7.5)	(7.5)	Net Cashflows from Investing Activities	(153.2)
0.0	0.0	Net Cashflows from Financing Activities	0.0
64.0	64.0	Net increase in cash and cash equivalent	107.9
1,990.7	1,990.7	Cash or cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	2,054.7
2,054.7	2,054.7	Cash or cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	2,162.6

## **Notes to the Core Financial Statements**

## 1. IAS8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Revisions have been made to IAS19 (Pensions) (note 27) for fiscal years on or after 1 January 2013, necessitating a restatement of the prior year's figures, see note 14 in the Explanatory Forward.

# 2. Adjustments Between Accounting Basis and Funding Basis Under Regulations

This note details the adjustments that are made to the total comprehensive income and expenditure recognised by the Authority in the year in accordance with proper accounting practice to the resources that are specified by statutory provisions as being available to the Authority to meet future capital and revenue expenditure.

	Usable Reserves					
2013/14  Adjustments involving the Capital Adjustment Account	General Fund Balance £000	Capital Receipts Reserve £000	Capital grants Unapplied <b>£000</b>	Movement in Unusable Reserves £000		
Reversal of items debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure statement: Charges for depreciation	(182.0)	0.0	0.0	182.0		
Insertion of items not debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement: Statutory provision for financing capital investment						
Capital Expenditure charged against the General Fund	153.2	0.0	0.0	(153.2)		
Adjustments primarily involving the Pensions Reserve: Reversal of items relating to retirement benefits debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement (see note 27) Employers Pension Contributions and direct payments	(837.0)	0.0	0.0	837.0		
to pensioners payable in the year  Adjustments primarily involving the Accumulated  Absences Account:  Amount by which officer remuneration charged to the  Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement on an accruals basis is different from the remuneration chargeable in the year in accordance with statutory	457.0	0.0	0.0	(457.0)		
requirements	7.7	0.0	0.0	(7.7)		
Total Adjustments	(401.1)	0.0	0.0	401.1		

	Usa	ıble Reser	ves	Usable Reserves RESTATED						
2012/13				•	·		•	Movement		
	General Fund Balance £000	Capital Receipts Reserve £000	Capital grants Unapplied £000	Movement in Unusable Reserves	General Fund Balance £000	Capital Receipts Reserve £000	Capital grants Unapplied £000	in Unusable Reserves Restated £000		
Adjustments involving the Capital Adjustment Account										
Reversal of items debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure statement: Charges for depreciation	(185.9)	0.0	0.0	185.9	(185.9)	0.0	0.0	185.9		
Insertion of items not debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement: Capital Expenditure charged					, ,					
against the General Fund  Adjustments primarily involving the Pensions Reserve:	7.5	0.0	0.0	(7.5)	7.5	0.0	0.0	(7.5)		
Reversal of items relating to retirement benefits debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	(000.0)	0.0	0.0	CCO 0	(700.0)	0.0	0.0	700.0		
Statement (see note 27) Employers Pension Contributions and direct payments to pensioners	(669.0)	0.0	0.0	669.0	(762.0)	0.0	0.0	762.0		
payable in the year Adjustments primarily involving the Accumulated Absences Account:	462.0	0.0	0.0	(462.0)	462.0	0.0	0.0	(462.0)		
Amount by which officer remuneration charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement on an accruals basis is different from the remuneration chargeable in the year in accordance with										
statutory requirements	(2.1)	0.0	0.0	2.1	(2.1)	0.0	0.0	2.1		
Total Adjustments	(387.5)	0.0	0.0	387.5	(480.5)	0.0	0.0	480.5		

## 3. Transfers To/From Earmarked Reserves

This note sets out the amounts set aside from the General Fund in earmarked reserves to meet General Fund expenditure in 2013/14. The Contingency Reserve must be at least 5% of the DEFRA grant income in year; the Authority has maintained this reserve at a higher % but may consider reducing it in line with the decreasing grant income in the future.

	2012/13 £000	2013/14 £000
Contingency Reserve	2000	2000
Opening Balance	274.0	274.0
Movement	0.0	0.0
Total	274.0	274.0

## 4. Grant Income

The Authority credited the following grants, contributions and donations to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement in 2013/14; the Sustainable Development Grant is no longer ring fenced but there was still a contribution of £180k set aside from the DEFRA National Park Grant:

	2012/13	2013/14
	£000	£000
Credited to Non Specific Grant Income		
National Park Grant	4,818.4	4,534.0
	4,818.4	4,534.0
Credited to Services		
Department for Communities and Local Government	44.5	0.0
Natural England	238.6	178.5
Other	190.3	112.1
Total	473.4	290.6

## 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

Movements in 2013/14	Land and Buildings	Vehicles Plant Furniture and Equipment	Total Property, Plant and Equipment
Cost or Valuation	0003	€000	0003
At 1 April 2013	6,912.6	385.5	7,298.1
Additions	0.0	153.2	153.2
IT Assets W/O	0.0	(41.0)	(41.0)
At 31 March 2014	6,912.6	497.7	7,410.3
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			
At 1 April 2013	(0.0)	190.0	190.0
Depreciation Charge	125.3	56.7	182.0
Disposals		(41.0)	(41.0)
At 31 March 2014	125.3	205.6	330.9
Net Book Value			
At 31 March 2013	6,912.6	195.5	7,108.1
At 31 March 2014	6,787.3	292.0	7,079.3

Heritage asset are presented separately (Note 6).

## **Property, Plant and Equipment**

## **Comparative Movements in 2012/13**

Cost or Valuation	Land and Buildings £000	Vehicles, Plant Furniture and Equipment £000	Total Property, Plant and Equipment £000
At 1 April 2012	7,384.2	424.5	7,808.7
Additions	0.0	7.5	7.5
IT Assets W/O	0.0	(46.4)	(46.4)
Revaluation <b>increases</b> recognised in the Revaluation Reserve	182.8	0.0	182.8
Revaluation <b>decreases</b> recognised in the <b>Surplus/Deficit</b> on the Provision of services	(654.4)	0.0	(654.4)
At 31 March 2013	6,912.6	385.5	7,298.1
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment			
At 1 April 2012	523.3	181.6	704.9
Depreciation Charge	131.1	54.8	185.9
Depreciation written out to the Surplus/deficit on the provision of services	(654.4)		(654.4)
Disposals		(46.4)	(46.4)
At 31 March 2013	(0.0)	190.0	190.0
Net Book Value			
At 31 March 2012	6,860.9	242.9	7,103.8
At 31 March 2013	6,912.6	195.5	7,108.1

## **Depreciation**

The following useful lives and depreciation rates have been used in the calculation of depreciation:

- Buildings (but not the land they stand on) between 45 and 50 years apart from the Dales Countryside Museum which is 30 years.
- IT Equipment 4 years or relevant estimated useful lives if different.
- Other Plant and Equipment is depreciated over their various estimated useful lives.

#### Revaluations

The Authority carries out a programme at least every 5 years that ensures all Property, Plant and Equipment that is required to be measured at fair value is revalued.

Land and Buildings were revalued fully as at 31 March 2013 by external consultants Bruton Knowles (FRICS). This revaluation followed CIPFA requirements and was incorporated into the Statement of Final Accounts in 2012/13. A desktop revaluation was undertaken by Bruton Knowles as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2014 and there was no material change in value. An impairment review was carried out by Paul Drake MRICS of YDNPA as at 31 March 2014 and there was no material change in value since the last valuation.

The capital expenditure of £153.2k on Fixed Assets was financed by revenue.

## **Major Capital Schemes**

The Authority installed a Biomass Boiler into the Dales Countryside Museum, and also started major restructure works and interpretation within the Museum.

#### **Analysis of Fixed Assets**

The list below gives an indication of the significant fixed assets of the Authority:

	31 March 2013	31 March 2014
Buildings	Number	Number
National Park Centres	3	3
Museum/National Park Centre	1	1
Public Conveniences	11	11
Administrative Buildings	2	2
Total	17	17

The Authority operates five National Park Centres, but the National Park Centre at Reeth is housed in a shared building not owned by the Authority.

## 6. Heritage Assets

Movements in 2013/14:	10th Century Gold Viking Ring
Cost or Valuation	£0000
At 1 April 2013	6.5
Additions	0.0
Disposals	0.0
At 31 March 2014	6.5
Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	
At 1 April 2013	0.0
Depreciation Charge	0.0
Disposals	0.0
At 31 March 2014	0.0
Net Book Value	
At 1 April 2013	6.5
At 31 March 2014	6.5
Comparative Movements in 2012/13:	10th Century Gold Viking
Comparative Movements in 2012/13:  Cost or Valuation	-
	Gold Viking Ring
Cost or Valuation	Gold Viking Fling £000
Cost or Valuation At 1 April 2012	Gold Viking Fling £000
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions	Gold Viking Ring 2000 6.5
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals	Gold Viking Ring 2000 6.5 0.0 0.0
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals  At 31 March 2013	Gold Viking Ring 2000 6.5 0.0 0.0
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals  At 31 March 2013  Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	Gold Viking Fing £000  6.5  0.0  0.0
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals  At 31 March 2013  Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment  At 1 April 2012	Gold Viking Fing £000  6.5  0.0  0.0  0.0
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals  At 31 March 2013  Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment  At 1 April 2012  Depreciation Charge	Gold Viking Fing 2000 6.5 0.0 0.0 6.5
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions Disposals  At 31 March 2013  Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment  At 1 April 2012  Depreciation Charge Disposals	Gold Viking Fing £000  6.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
Cost or Valuation  At 1 April 2012  Additions  Disposals  At 31 March 2013  Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment  At 1 April 2012  Depreciation Charge  Disposals  At 31 March 2013	Gold Viking Fing £000  6.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0

This item was purchased on the open market in December 2010; it is valued at cost which is considered to be its fair market value.

### 7. Financial Instruments

# (a) Financial Assets: Cash, loans and receivables

The Authority cash balance includes cash held with North Yorkshire County Council (NYCC), as well as cash held in a bank account in the name of the Authority. Cash held by the Authority is swept over to the account held by NYCC each evening and money in this account is available to the Authority within one day.

Financial Instruments are formally defined as contracts that give rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. For the Authority, this definition covers the instruments used in Treasury Management activity, in the lending of money for investment purposes.

The Authority's Treasury Management is defined by the CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management. The code sets out a framework of operating procedures to reduce treasury risk and improve understanding and accountability regarding the Treasury position of the Authority.

The CIPFA Code of Practice on Treasury Management requires:

- A Treasury Management Policy Statement (TMPS) stating the Authority's policies and objectives for its treasury management activities; and
- A framework of Treasury Management Practices (TMPs) setting out the manner in which the Authority will seek to achieve the policies and objectives set out above and prescribing how it will manage and control those activities.

The twelve recommended Treasury Management Practices are reviewed and updated as and when necessary in the light of regulatory and/or local policy changes and cover the following areas:-

- Risk management;
- Performance measurement;
- Decision making and analysis;
- Approved instruments, methods and techniques;
- Organisation, clarity and segregation of responsibilities and dealing arrangements;
- Reporting requirements and management information arrangements;
- Budgeting, accounting and audit arrangements;
- Cash and cash flow management:
- Money laundering;
- Training and qualifications;
- Use of external service providers; and
- Corporate governance

# (b) Financial Instruments Balances

Loans and Receivables Less than 1 year	31 March 2013 £000	31 March 2014 £000
North Yorkshire County Council Treasury Balance Yorkshire Wildlife Trust Short Term Loan (Repaid May 2014)	2,233.7 210.0	2,181.7 100.0
	2,443.7	2,281.7

The financial instruments balance figures shown consist of the nominal value of loans plus any accrued interest at that date. This complies with the requirements for financial instruments in accordance with The Code.

# (c) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities carried at Amortised Cost

The fair value can be assessed by calculating the present value of cash flows that will take place over the remaining term of the instruments, using the following assumptions:

- For loans receivable, the prevailing benchmark market rates have been used to provide fair value;
- Where an instrument (loan/investment), will mature in the next 12 months, the carrying amount is assumed to approximate fair value;
- The fair value of trade and other receivables is taken to be the invoiced or billed amount.

The carrying amount and fair value of the loan to NYCC is £2,181.7k (£2,233.7k 2012/13), the carrying amount and fair value of the loan to Yorkshire Wildlife Trust is £100.0k (£210.0k 2012/13).

# (d) Disclosure of nature and extent of risk arising from Financial Instruments The Authority's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, the key risks being:

- Credit Risk the possibility that other parties may fail to pay amounts due to the Authority, including the Authority's cash balances held by NYCC;
- Liquidity Risk the possibility that the Authority might not have funds available to meet its commitments to make payments;
- Market Risk the possibility that financial loss might arise for the Authority as a result of changes in such measures as interest rate movements.

# (e) Procedures for Managing Risk

The Authority complies with the CIPFA Prudential Code, the CIPFA Treasury Management in the Public Services Code of Practice and the Investment Guide issued through the Local Government Act 2003. Risk is managed in the following ways:

- By adopting the requirements of the code of practice; and
- By approving in advance, prudential indicator limits for the following three years;
  - The Authority's overall borrowing limits

- Its maximum and minimum exposures to fixed and variable interest rates
- Its maximum annual exposures to investments maturing beyond a year.
- A legal agreement was signed by the Yorkshire Wildlife Trust in regard to the short term loan and its security and repayment

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises from deposits with banks and financial institutions as well as exposures to the Authority's customers. Deposits are managed through the contract with NYCC. Sales of goods are predominantly on a cash basis, and services are not completed unless there is a signed legal grant agreement in place. The Authority receives income predominantly from other Government Bodies so reducing commercial risk.

Payment terms are 30 days from invoice. The debtors past due but not impaired amount to £0.9k:

Days Past Due	30	60	90	120	121+
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Debtors Due	13.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.9

# **Liquidity Risk**

The Authority has next day access to investments and is funded centrally by DEFRA, grant funding is known in advance so working balances can be managed, and funding is received quarterly in advance. The Authority does not have any loans.

#### **Market Risk**

The Authority is exposed to interest rate movements on its investments. Movements in interest rates have a complex impact on the Authority, depending on how variable and fixed interest rates move across differing financial instrument periods. As the Authority has no borrowings the risk is a loss of earnings on interest income.

### 8. Inventories

The movement in inventories recorded on the balance sheet can be analysed as follows:

	Stock for Resale	Footpath Maintenance Stock	Total	Stock for Resale	Footpath Maintenance Stock	Total
		2012/13			2013/14	
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Opening Balance	97.7	14.8	112.5	105.0	11.4	116.4
Purchases	149.4	26.7	176.1	134.5	23.3	157.8
Recognised as an expense in year	(141.7)	(30.1)	(171.8)	(133.1)	(23.5)	(156.6)
Written off balances	(0.4)	0.0	(0.4)	(0.1)	0.0	(0.1)
Closing Balance	105.0	11.4	116.4	106.3	11.2	117.5

# 9. Debtors

The debtors which are under 1 year are recorded as current assets on the balance sheet, and are analysed as follows:

	31 March 2013	31 March 2014
	£000	£000
Central Government Bodies	255.2	121.4
Other Local Authorities	15.2	28.3
Public Corporations and trading funds	0.0	0.0
Other Entities and individuals	348.9	222.3
	619.36	372.07
Including Prepayments of	83.5	64.63

# **Provision for Doubtful Debt**

A provision has not been provided for doubtful debts, as debtors past due are not considered to be doubtful debts and we are confident these will be paid.

The Authority has no long term debtors or borrowings that would be classified as Financial Instruments and require separate disclosure.

# 10. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents is made up of the following elements:

	31 March 2013	31 March 2014
	£000	£000
Cash held by the Authority	1.5	1.5
Bank Current Account	(180.5)	(20.6)
Short Term Deposit with NYCC Treasury	2,233.7	2,181.7
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,054.7	2,162.6

Interest received from the deposit with NYCC Treasury in 2013/14 was £23.3k (£41.0k 2012/13).

# 11. Creditors

The creditors which are due in less than 1 year; and are recorded as current liabilities on the balance sheet, can be analysed as follows:

	31 March 2013	31 March 2014
	£000	£000
Central Government Bodies	80.0	8.8
Other Local Authorities	59.5	101.8
Other Entities and individuals	63.3	222.4
Capital Creditors	130.2	14.3
Total Creditors	333.0	347.2
Income in advance included in total	31.2	30.4

# 12. Provisions

The provisions recorded on the balance sheet can be analysed as follows:

	Sustainable Development Fund £000	Section 106 Provisions £000	Legacies and Miscellaneous Other £000	Redundancy Provision £000	Accumulated Absences £000	Total £000
Balance At 31 March 2012	121.5	16.1	105.9	11.7	41.5	296.7
Additional Provisions Made in 2012/13	180.0	10.0	0.0	0.0	43.6	233.6
Amounts used in 2012/13	(162.9)	(7.5)	0.0	(11.7)	(41.5)	(223.6)
Unused amounts reversed in 2012/13	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balance At 31 March 2013	138.6	18.6	105.9	0.0	43.6	306.7
2012/13 Long term Provision 2012/13	138.6 0.0	18.6 0.0	0.0 105.9	0.0 0.0	43.6 0.0	200.8 105.9
Additional Provisions Made in 2013/14	180.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.0	216.0
Amounts used in 2013/14	(211.5)	0.0	0.0	0.0	(43.6)	(255.1)
Unused amounts reversed in 2013/14	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Balance At 31 March 2014	107.1	18.6	105.9	0.0	36.0	267.6
Short Term Provision 2013/14	107.1	18.6	0.0	0.0	36.0	161.7
Long term Provision 2013/14	0.0	0.0	105.9	0.0	0.0	105.9

# **Sustainable Development Fund**

The Sustainable Development Fund was managed in conjunction with Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust (YDMT). Grants are paid out by YDMT for projects which meet the Sustainable Development Fund criteria. £107.1k is the balance of the committed funding for 2013/14 projects at year end which the Authority will be obliged to pay to YDMT in 2014/15.

# **Legacies and Section 106 Agreements**

Section 106 payments are used to fund particular projects linked to planning applications and as such are carried as a provision until the obligations are fully satisfied. Legacy payments with specific work requests are held as provisions until suitable projects meeting the requirements of the legacy are completed.

# **Redundancy Provision**

Known redundancies for future years are provided for in the Redundancy Provision, there are no planned redundancy payments in 2014/15.

### **Accumulated Absences**

Staff can carry over 5 days leave and up to 10 hours flexi time from one year to the next, the balance reflects the cost of the carried time valued using the hourly rate for 2014/15 being the year the benefit will be taken.

### 13. Usable Reserves

Movements in the Authority's usable reserves are detailed in the Movement in Reserves Statement.

# 14. Unusable Reserves

Movements in the Authority's unusable reserves are detailed on the face of the Balance Sheet.

### 15. Revaluation Reserve

The Code requires that the Revaluation Reserve reflects only changes that have arisen since 1 April 2007. On 31 March 2014 the Fixed Assets were revalued by Bruton Knowles using a desktop exercise and the change in asset values is under the materiality limit so is not reflected in the accounts for 2013/14.

# 16. Capital Adjustment Account

The Capital Adjustment Account absorbs the timing differences arising from the different arrangements for accounting for the consumption of non-current assets and for financing the acquisition, construction or enhancement of those assets under statutory provisions. The account is debited with the cost of acquisition, construction or enhancement as depreciation, impairment losses and amortisations are charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement. The account is credited with the amounts set aside by the Authority as finance for the costs of acquisition, construction and enhancement.

The account also contains revaluation gains accumulated on Property, Plant and Equipment before 1 April 2007.

	31 March 2014 £000
Balance brought forward	6,143.2
Reversal of items relating to capital expenditure debited or credited to the	
_ <del>'</del>	(182.0)
,	(102.0)
gain/loss on disposal to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure	
Statement	0.0
	5,961.2
Adjusting amounts written out of the Revaluation Reserve	30.4
Net written out amount of the cost of non-current assets consumed in	
year	5,991.6
Capital Funding applied in the year:	
Capital expenditure charged against the General Fund	153.2
Application of grants to capital financing from the Capital Grants	
Unapplied Account	
Balance carried forward	6,144.9
	Reversal of items relating to capital expenditure debited or credited to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement: Charges for depreciation and impairment of non current assets Amounts of non-current assets written off on disposal or sale as part of gain/loss on disposal to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement  Adjusting amounts written out of the Revaluation Reserve Net written out amount of the cost of non-current assets consumed in year Capital Funding applied in the year: Capital expenditure charged against the General Fund Application of grants to capital financing from the Capital Grants Unapplied Account

### 17. Pension Reserve

The Pension reserve absorbs the timing differences arising from the different arrangements for accounting for post employment benefits and for funding benefits in accordance with statutory provisions. The Authority accounts for post employment benefits in its Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statements as the benefits are earned by employees accruing years of service, updating the liabilities recognised to reflect inflation, changing assumptions and investment returns on any resources set aside to meet the costs.

However, statutory arrangements require benefits earned to be financed as the Authority makes Employer's contributions to the pension fund or eventually pays any pensions for which it is directly responsible.

The debit balance on the Pensions Reserve therefore shows a substantial shortfall in the benefits earned by past and current employees and the resources the Authority has set aside to meet them. The statutory arrangements will ensure that funding will have been set aside by the time the benefits come to be paid.

The Authority participates in the North Yorkshire Pension Fund.

	Restated		
2012/13 £000	2012/13 £000		2013/14 £000
(5,513.0)	(5,513.0)	Balance at 1 April	(7,086.0)
(1,366.0)	(1,273.0)	Acturarial gains/(losses) on pensions assets and liabilities Reversal of items relating to retirment benefits debited or credited to the Surplus or Deficit on the Provision of services in the	4,687.0
(669.0)	(762.0)	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement Employers pensions contributions and direct payments to	(837.0)
462.0	462.0	pensioners payable in the year	457.0
(7,086.0)	(7,086.0)	Balance at 31 March	(2,779.0)

### 18. Accumulated Absences Account

The Accumulated Absences Account absorbs the differences that would otherwise arise on the General Fund Balance from accruing for compensated absences earned but not taken in the year, e.g. annual leave entitlement carried forward at 31 March. Statutory arrangements require that the impact on the General Fund Balance is neutralised by transfers to or from the account.

<b>2012/13</b> <b>£000</b> 41.5	Balance at 1 April	<b>2013/14</b> <b>£000</b> 43.7
(41.5) 43.7	Settlement or cancellation of accrual made at the end of the preceding year  Amounts accrued at the end of the current financial year	(43.7) 36.0
2.2 43.7	Amount by which Officer remuneration charged to the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement on an accruals basis is different from remuneration chargeable in the year in accordance with stautory requirements  Balance at 31 March	(7.7) <b>36.0</b>

# 19. Segment Reporting

The analysis of income and expenditure by service on the face of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement is that specified by the Service Reporting Code of Practice. This is the same basis used to make decisions about resource allocation, which are taken by the Members of the Authority. However these reports are prepared on a different basis from the accounting policies used in the financial statements. In particular:

No charges are made in relation to capital expenditure (whereas depreciation, revaluation and impairment losses in excess of the balance on the revaluation Reserve and amortisations are charged in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement).

Actual capital expenditure and income is included in committee reports but taken out of the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement, which just shows revenue.

The cost of retirement benefits is based on cash flows (payment of employer's pension contributions) rather than current service cost of benefits accrued in the year.

The outturn position reported to committee is summarised in the Foreword under Summary of Revenue Spending on page 6, and therefore the detailed report is not included here. A reconciliation to explain the differences is shown below.

Recharges: In line with SERCOP requirements, central costs are allocated to service lines using a reallocation basis relevant to the type of cost. Accounting Policy 12 indicates the costs excluded from the reallocation.

Conservation of Cultural Heritage   173.4   1.9   0.3   0.0   52.4   228	Segmental Reporting 2013/14	<b>6003</b> Outturn figures	000 IFRS Adjustments IAS19	S Accumulated Absences Account	G Capital and Debreciation Adjust.	0003 Recharges	码 Interest & Technical 60 Adjustment	Most Expenditure in Final Accounts
Promoting Understanding	Conservation of Cultural Heritage	173.4	1.9	0.3	0.0	52.4	(0.5)	695.3 228.1
Forward Planning   357.8   2.3   (0.8)   0.0   59.7   415     Corporate and Democratic Core   1,394.9   42.1   (3.3)   13.3   (1,178.7)   23.3   291     Non Distributed Costs   0.0   10.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   0.0     Interest Received   4,663.3   93.0   (7.7)   28.8   0.0   8.9   4,786     Interest Received   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0	Promoting Understanding	972.0	9.6	(1.2)	(43.0)	303.8		1,227.4 458.6
Non Distributed Costs   0.0   10.0   0.0   0.0   0.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   10.0   1	Forward Planning	357.8	2.3	(0.8)	0.0	59.7	22.2	585.2 419.0
Net (Surplus) on Provision of Services   135.3   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287.0   287	Non Distributed Costs	0.0	10.0	0.0	0.0			10.0
Net (Surplus) on Provision of Services   135.3	Interest Received Assets (Note 27)			(1.17)	20.0	0.0		(23.3) 287.0
Conservation of the Natural Environment								522.0
2013/14	Actuarial gains on pension assets and liabilities		(4,687.0)					(4,687.0)
Conservation of the Natural Environment         (91.8)         (12.8)         (104.5)         475.1         670.4         1,145.5         470.0           Promoting Understanding         (0.3)         (292.6)         (292.9)         574.9         558.3         1,133.2         846.5           Development Control         0.0         (150.7)         (150.7)         (484.8)         38.4         523.2         372.8           Forward Planning         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         0.0         125.8         232.0         357.8         357.8	Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure							(4,165.0)
Section   Sect		£000	e L	2000	£000	£000	2000	2000
Conservation of the Natural Environment       (91.8)       (12.8)       (104.5)       403.9       257.5       661.4       556         Conservation of Cultural Heritage       (36.4)       (14.1)       (50.4)       115.5       108.3       223.8       173         Recreation Management and Transport       (149.7)       (525.4)       (675.1)       475.1       670.4       1,145.5       470         Promoting Understanding       (0.3)       (292.6)       (292.9)       574.9       558.3       1,133.2       840         Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers       0.0       (8.8)       (8.8)       273.9       90.6       364.5       355         Development Control       0.0       (150.7)       (150.7)       484.8       38.4       523.2       372         Forward Planning       0.0       0.0       0.0       0.0       125.8       232.0       357.8       357		overnm ent Grants ontributions	ses Charges and ontributions	otal Incom	ployee Expense	ervices Expense	otal Expend	Net Expenditure
Promoting Understanding       (0.3)       (292.6)       (292.9)       574.9       558.3       1,133.2       840         Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers       0.0       (8.8)       (8.8)       273.9       90.6       364.5       355         Development Control       0.0       (150.7)       (150.7)       484.8       38.4       523.2       372         Forward Planning       0.0       0.0       0.0       125.8       232.0       357.8       357	Conservation of Cultural Heritage	(91.8) (36.4)	(12.8) (14.1)	(104.5) (50.4)	403.9 115.5	257.5 108.3	661.4 223.8	556.8 173.4 470.4
Forward Planning 0.0 0.0 <b>1.25.8</b> 232.0 <b>357.8 357.8</b>	Promoting Understanding Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	(0.3)	(292.6) (8.8)	(292.9) (8.8)	574.9 273.9	558.3 90.6	1,133.2 364.5	840.3 355.7 372.5
	•	0.0 0.0	0.0 (52.1)	0.0 (52.1)	125.8 857.1	232.0 731.4	357.8 1,588.5	357.8 1,536.3 4,663.3

Segmental Reporting 2012/13	0003 Outturn figures	000 OD IFRS Adjustments IAS19	S Accumulated Absences Account	Gapital and Depreciation Adfustments	0003 Recharges	60 Interest & Technical 60 Adjustment	Mot Expenditure in Final Accounts	000 RESTATED
Conservation of the Natural Environment	509.6	0.8	(3.2)		176.6		683.8	683.8
Conservation of Cultural Heritage	171.0	0.2			63.6		234.8	234.8
Recreation Management and Transport	616.9	0.9	1.1	64.9	429.3	3.4	1,116.5	1,116.5
Promoting Understanding	747.7	1.0	2.6	45.0	246.4	(2.3)	1,040.4	1,040.4
Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	373.2	0.5	0.3		137.7		511.7	511.7
Development Control	397.6	1.0	0.2		264.8		663.5	663.5
Forward Planning	329.4	0.3	(0.1)		70.4		400.0	400.0
Corporate and Democratic Core	1,495.4	5.3	1.3	68.5	(1,388.8)	41.0	222.7	222.7
Non Distributed Costs		10.0					10.0	31.0
Cost of Services	4,640.8	20.0	2.1	178.4	0.0	42.1	4,883.4	4,904.4
Interest Received						(41.0)	(41.0)	(41.0)
Assets (Note 27) RESTATED		187/ <b>259</b>				, ,	187.0	259.0
National Park Grant	(4,818.2)						(4,818.2)	(4,818.2)
Net (Surplus) on Provision of Services	(177.4)						211.2	304.2
	. ,							
Actuarial gains on pension assets and liabilities RESTAT	ED	1366.0/ <b>1273.</b> 0	0				1,366.0	1,273.0
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure							1,577.2	1,577.2
2012/13 Outturn Analysis	£000	£000	2000	£000	9000	£000	£000	
	Government Grants & Contributions	Fees Charges and Other Contributions	Total Income	Employee Expenses	Services Expenses	Total Expenditure	Net Expenditure	
Conservation of the Natural Environment	(25.3)	(75.1)	(100.4)	416.8	193.2	610.0	509.6	
Conservation of Cultural Heritage	(5.6)	(39.7)	(45.3)	118.8	97.5	216.3	171.0	
Recreation Management and Transport	(294.6)	(507.3)	(801.8)	496.2	922.5	1,418.8	616.9	
Promoting Understanding	(0.9)	(302.5)	(303.4)	550.0	501.1	1,051.1	747.7	
Rangers, Estate Services and Volunteers	0.0	(7.7)	(7.7)	284.7	96.2	380.9	373.2	
Development Control	0.0	(157.8)	(157.8)	508.5	46.9	555.4	397.6	
Forward Planning	0.0	(8.4)	(8.4)	126.6	211.2	337.8	329.5	
Corporate and Democratic Core	0.0	(111.8)	(111.8)	911.4	695.8	1,607.2	1,495.4	
	(326.3)	(1,210.4)	(1,536.7)	3,413.1	2,764.4	6,177.5	4,640.8	

### 20. Members' Allowances

The Authority paid the following amounts to Members of the Authority during the year; Member allowances were increased by 1% in line with the employee pay settlement. Full details of the Authority's Member Allowance Scheme, and of allowances paid to individual Members, are available on the Authority's website at www.yorkshiredales.org.uk

	2012/13	2013/14
	0003	000£
Allowances	71.8	72.6
Expenses	13.1	13.3
Total	84.9	85.9

# 21. Agency Services

In 2013/14 the Authority had contracts with North Yorkshire County Council to provide personnel, IT, Investment, legal and other services. Charges for those services in 2013/14 amounted to £4.5k (£11k in 2012/13).

# 22. External Audit Costs

The Authority has incurred the following costs in relation to the audit of the Statement of Accounts:

	2012/13	2013/14
	£000	£000
Fees Paid to Deloitte for external audit services	11.0	12.1

### 23. Officers' Remuneration

Regulations require the Authority to disclose the number of staff receiving payments, including taxable benefits, of more than £50k in the relevant financial year. The number of employees who receive remuneration of over £50k are as follows:

Remuneration Band	2012/13	2013/14
	No of employees	No of employees
£50,000 - £54,999	1	1
£55,000 - £59,999	0	0
£60,000 - £64,999	2	2
£65,000 - £69,999	0	0
£70,000 - £74,999	0	0
£75,000 - £79,999	0	0
£80,000 - £84,999	0	0
£85,000 - £89,999	1	0
£90,000 - £94,999	0	1

The Regulations also require the Authority to disclose the individual remuneration details of senior employees, under the following categories:

- salary, fees and allowances;
- bonuses:
- expenses allowance;
- compensation for loss of employment;
- employer's pension contribution;
- any other emoluments.

The regulations also require that persons whose basic salary is in excess of £150k per annum must be identified by name and that certain senior employees whose basic salary is £50k or more per year but less than £150k, must be listed individually by way of job title. Unless otherwise stated, none of the senior officers received fees, bonuses or compensation for loss of employment or any other emoluments in 2012/13 or 2013/14.

The code states that staff on a part time basis must be shown if their full time equivalent salary exceeds £50k. The current part time (22.5 hours) Solicitor/Monitoring (1) Officer falls into this bracket and the salary is shown as the actual pay received from 27 January 2014. The previous Solicitor/Monitoring Officer (2) was on the same hours and left the Authority on 31 October 2013.

	2012/13	2013/14
Chief Executive		
Basic Salary	80,423	81,448
Pension	9,410	9,529
Car Allowance	1,239	, -
Total	91,072	90,977
Director of Conservation and Communities		
Basic Salary	54,092	54,633
Pension	6,329	6,392
Car Allowance	1,239	, -
Total	61,660	61,025
Director of Corporate Services		
Basic Salary	54,036	54,577
Pension	6,322	6,386
Car Allowance	1,239	-
Total	61,597	60,963
Solicitor/Monitoring Officer (P/T) (1)		
Basic Salary	-	6,064
Pension	-	710
Car Allowance	-	-
Total	-	6,774
Solicitor/Monitoring Officer (P/T) (2)		
Basic Salary	35,293	20,760
Pension	3,967	2,227
Car Allowance	1,239	-
Total	40,499	22,987

#### 24. Related Parties

The Authority is required to disclose material transactions with related parties. These are bodies or individuals that have the potential to control or influence the Authority or to be controlled or influenced by the Authority. Disclosure of these transactions allows readers to assess the extent to which the Authority might have been constrained in its ability to operate independently or might have secured the ability to limit another party's ability to bargain freely with the Authority.

**Members of the Authority** have direct control over the Authority's financial and operating policies. The total of members allowances paid in 2013/14 is shown in note 20. The Register of Members' Interests (which the Authority is required to maintain, in accordance with the National Park Authority Members Code of Conduct) and any disclosures of direct or indirect pecuniary interests made in accordance with section 94 of the Local Government Act 1972, were examined.

Many of the Authority's Members are also Members of parish, district and county councils and other organisations whose activities may or may be seen to affect those of the Authority. A number of Members are trustees of the Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust and Hudson House Limited with which the Authority has close working relationships.

**Officers** have day-to-day control of the running of the Authority's affairs. No material related party transactions have occurred with officers in 2013/14.

# Related Parties 2013/14:

			O/S Creditors	O/S Debtors
	<b>Payments</b>	Receipts	31 March 2014	31 March 2014
	£000	2000	£000	2000
Related Parties Other				
Hudson House Ltd	8.8			
Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust (Operating)	25.1			
Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust (SDF)	217.3		(49.3)	
Local Government				
Craven District Council	79.8	(16.2)	(1.7)	0.7
Dent Parish Council		(3.0)		3.0
Cumbria County Council	8.7			
Linton Parish Council	3.5			
National Parks UK	26.5	(3.0)	(8.4)	
North York Moors National Park Authority				
North Yorkshire County Council	31.7	(38.9)	(11.0)	
North Yorkshire Pension Fund	456.0		(51.5)	
Richmondshire District Council	75.1	(2.7)		0.4
South Lakeland District Council		(1.2)		0.3
Central Government				
*Natural England	6.0	(178.5)		92.8
Forestry Commission		(37.6)		13.8
The Environment Agency	0.3			
English Heritage		(32.0)		
<u> </u>	938.8	(313.1)	(121.8)	110.9

<sup>\*</sup> Also detailed in Grants Note 4

# Comparative Data 2012/13:

			O/S Creditors	O/S Debtors
	<b>Payments</b>	Receipts	31 March 2013	31 March 2013
	£000	2000	2000	£000
Related Parties Other				
Hudson House Ltd	8.7			
Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust (Operating and				
Other Grants)	43.1	(31.4)	(0.2)	
Yorkshire Dales Millennium Trust (SDF)	160.0			
Local Government				
Craven District Council	129.6	(12.0)		0.4
Dent Parish Council	3.7	(3.1)		3.0
Cumbria County Council	6.6			
North York Moors National Park Authority	0.7			
North Yorkshire County Council	25.3	(89.0)	(0.5)	
North Yorkshire Pension Fund	153.2		(52.6)	
Richmondshire District Council	73.2	(2.1)		0.4
Sedbergh Parish Council	1.2			
Peak District National Park Authority	0.8	(0.1)		
Central Government				
*Natural England	7.7	(242.8)		16.6
Forestry Commission		(21.2)		8.2
The Environment Agency	12.0			
<u> </u>	625.9	(401.7)	(53.3)	28.6

<sup>\*</sup> Also detailed in Grants Note 4

# 25. Leases

Under the Code, leases are classified as either operating or financing leases using the substance over form tests to assess if the asset is essentially 'owned'; if a lease is classified as a finance lease the asset is transferred to the Balance Sheet and a corresponding Finance Lease Liability is created. All current leases have been tested, and have been found to be correctly classified as operating leases, therefore there is no change to the accounting treatment or changes to the 2013/14 financial statements.

# The Authority as a Lessee

The Authority has several operating leases for the following:

	Section Charged to in the		
	Comprehensive Income and		
Assets	Expenditure Statement	Paid in 2012/13	Paid in 2013/14
		£000	2000
Vehicles	Recreational Management	49.1	59.7
Photocopiers	Apportioned in each department	4.2	4.2
Triple Kiln	Promoting Understanding	1.0	1.0
Warehouse and Centres	Promoting Understanding	8.7	8.7
Ranger Field Accomodation	Recreational Management	12.4	11.5
		75.5	85.1

# The future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable leases in future years are:

	2012/13	2013/14
	000 <del>2</del>	£000
Leases expiring within next 12 months	79.3	74.4
Leases expiring between one and five years	181.0	93.5
Leases expiring later than 5 years	0.0	0.0
	260.3	167.9

# The Authority as Lessor

The Authority has several operating leases for the following:

	Section Revenue taken in the		
	Comprehensive Income and	Received in	Received in
Assets	Expenditure Statement	2012/13	2013/14
	•	£000	£000
Land	Park management	3.4	3.4
Car Park and Toilets	Park management	3.0	3.0
Bowling Green	Park management	0.4	0.4
National Park Centre Café	Promoting Understanding	7.2	7.2
Office Accomodation	Promoting Understanding	7.5	7.0
		21.5	21.0

# The future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable leases in future years are:

	2012/13	2013/14
	£000	2000
Leases expiring within next 12 months	7.2	14.0
Leases expiring between one and five years	6.0	28.5
Leases expiring later than 5 years	343.3	320.4
	356.5	362.9

All the above leases are operated by a signed agreement where the rental income is fixed for a period of time and payable in instalments. No leases give the option to buy at a reduced rate and the Authority retains ownership and responsibility for the assets. Tenant leases include terms for responsibilities to upkeep the assets.

### 26. Termination Benefits

There were no redundancies in 2013/14.

Exit package cost band	No of cor		Total No of exit  No of other agreed packages by cost departures band		Total Cost of exit packages by cost band			
0003	2012/13	2013/14	2012/13	2013/14	2012/13	2013/14	2012/13	2013/14
1-20			2		2		20.0	
20-40			1		1		24.8	
Total	0	0	3	0	3	0	44.8	0

# 27. Defined Benefit Pension Scheme

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its officers, the Authority makes contributions towards the cost of post employment benefits. Although these benefits will not actually be payable until employees retire, the Authority has a commitment to make the payments that needs to be disclosed at the time that employees earn their future entitlement.

The Authority participates in the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by North Yorkshire Pension Fund; this is a funded defined benefit final salary scheme, meaning that the Authority and employees pay contributions into a fund, calculated at a level intended to balance the pension's liabilities with investment assets.

The Authority recognises the cost of retirement benefits in the Net Cost of Services when they are earned by employees, rather than when the benefits are eventually paid as pensions. The charge we are required to make is based on the cash payable in the year, so the real cost of post employment/retirement benefits is reversed out of the General Fund via the Movement in Reserves Statement. The following transactions have been made in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the General Fund Balance via the Movement in Reserves Statement.

The cumulative amount of actuarial gains and losses recognised in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement to the 31 March 2014 is a gain of £3850.0k.

2012/13 £000	Restated 2012/13 £000	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	2013/14 £000
		Cost of Service	
472.0	483.0	Current Service Cost	540.0
		Past Service Costs	
10.0	10.0	Admin Costs	10.0
10.0 <b>482.0</b>	10.0 <b>503.0</b>	Effect of curtailments and settlements	550.0
402.0	503.0		550.0
		Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	
887.0	259.0	Net Interest Expense	287.0
(700.0)	0.0	Expected return on Assets in the Scheme	0.0
187.0	259.0	·	287.0
		Total Post Employment Benefit Charged to the surplus	
669.0	762.0	or deficit on the provision of service	837.0
		Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability	
1 000 0	(4.444.0)	comprising:	(0.000.0)
1,366.0	(1,444.0)	Return/(Loss) on plan assets Actuarial gains arrising on changes in demographic	(2,293.0)
	228.0	assumptions	(37.0)
	220.0	assumptions	(37.0)
	2,489.0	Actuarial gains arrising on changes in financial assumptions	(2,357.0)
	,	Total Post Employment Benefit Charged to the	
2,035.0	2,035.0	Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement	(3,850.0)
	Restated		
2012/13	2012/13	Movement in Reserves Statement	2013/14
£000	£000		2000
		Reversal of net charges made to the surplus or defecit on the	
222.2	700.0	provision of services for post employment benefits in	227.0
669.0	762.0	accordance with the code	837.0
		Actual amount charged against the General Fund Balance	
(462.0)	(462.0)	for pensions in the year	(457.0)
207.0	300.0		380.0

# Assets and Liabilities in Relation to Post-employment Benefits

	Restated	North Yorkshire Pension Fund	
31 Mar 13	31 Mar 13		31 Mar 14
£000	£000		£000
18,003.0	18,003.0	Benefit Obligation at beginning of period	21,846.0
472.0	483.0	Current Service Cost	540.0
887.0	876.0	Interest on Pension Liabilities	910.0
168.0	168.0	Member Contributions	165.0
0.0	0.0	Past Service Cost	0.0
0.0	0.0	Experience (Gain)/Loss	507.0
0.0	0.0	(Gain)/Loss on Financial Assumptions	(2,357.0)
2,717.0	2,717.0	(Gain)/Loss on Democratic Assumptions	(37.0)
10.0	10.0	Curtailments	0.0
(411.0)	(411.0)	Benefits/transfers paid	(457.0)
21,846.0	21,846.0		21,117.0

	Restated	Change in Plan Assets during period	
31 Mar 13	31 Mar 13		31 Mar 14
2000	2000		2000
12,490.0	12,490.0	Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of the period	14,760.0
0.0	617.0	Interest on plan assets	623.0
0.0	1,444.0	Remeasurements (assets)	2,800.0
700.0	0.0	Expected return on plan assets	0.0
0.0	(10.0)	Administration expenses	(10.0)
1,351.0	0.0	Actuarial (Losses)/Gains on assets	0.0
462.0	462.0	Employer Contributions	457.0
168.0	168.0	Member Contributions	165.0
(411.0)	(411.0)	Benefits/transfers paid	(457.0)
14,760.0	14,760.0	Fair Value of the plan assets at the end of period	18,338.0

The expected return on scheme assets is determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the Balance Sheet date.

Expected returns on equity investments reflect long-term real rates of return experienced in the respective markets.

The actual return on scheme assets in the year was £1733k (2012/13: £2051k, **Restated**: £2061k).

# **Scheme History**

	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	IFRS	UK GAAP
	2013/14	2012/13	2011/12	2010/11	2009/10
Present value of liabilities:	2000	2000	2000	£000	£000
Fair value of assets in the Local					
Government Pension Scheme	18,338.0	14,760.0	12,490.0	12,153.0	10,148.0
(Surplus)/Deficit in the scheme:	2,779.0	7,086.0	5,513.0	4,099.0	6,678.0
Total	21,117.0	21,846.0	18,003.0	16,252.0	16,826.0

The liabilities show the underlying commitments that the Authority has in the long run to pay post employment benefits. The total liability of £2779k has a substantial impact on the net worth of the Authority as recorded in the Balance Sheet; however statutory arrangements for funding the deficit mean that the financial position of the Authority remains healthy:

 The deficit on the local governments scheme will be made good by increased contributions over the remaining working life of employees (i.e. before payments fall due), as assessed by the scheme actuary.

The total contributions expected to be made to the Local Government Pension Scheme by the Authority in the year to 31 March 2015 is £503.5k (£457k Actual 2013/14).

# **Basis for Estimating Assets and Liabilities**

Liabilities have been assessed on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method, an estimate of the pensions that will be payable in future years dependent on assumptions about mortality rates, salary levels etc. The liabilities have been assessed by Mercer, an independent firm of actuaries, and the main assumptions used in their calculations are:

	31 March 2013	31 March 2014
Financial Assumptions	%	%
Rate of CPI Inflation	2.40	2.40
Rate of Increase in salaries	4.15	3.90
Rate of increase in pensions	2.40	2.40
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	4.20	4.50
Mortality Assumptions Life expectancy of male (female)		
-future pensioner aged 65 in 20 years time -current pensioner aged 65	24.4 (27.2) years 22.6 (25.3) years	25.3 (27.8) years 23.0 (25.5) years

	Long term expected rate of return 31/03/2013	Proportion 31 March 2013	Long term expected rate of return 31/03/2014	Proportion 31 March 2014
	%	%	%	%
Equities	7.00	64.0	7.00	66.9
Government Bonds	2.80	13.1	3.40	12.4
Other Bonds	3.90	10.1	4.30	7.5
Property	5.70	3.7	6.20	4.8
Cash/Liquidity	0.50	0.4	0.50	0.5
Alternatives	7.00	8.7	Varies	7.9
<b>Expenses Deduction</b>	0.37	0.0	Varies	0.0
-		100.0		100.0

# **History of Experience Gains and Losses**

The actuarial gains identified as movements on the Pension Reserve in 2013/14 can be analysed into the following categories, measured as a percentage of assets or liabilities at 31 March 2014.

	2013/14 £000	%	2012/13 £000	%	2011/12 £000	%	2010/11 £000	%	2009/10 £000	%
Experience gains and (losses) on liabilities	(507.0)	2.4	0		0		498	3.1	0	
Differences between the expected and actual return on assets	2,800.0	15.3	1,351.0	9.2	(604.0)	4.8	733.0	4.8	3,142.0	31.0
Actuarial gains and (losses) on liabilities	2,394.0	11.4	(2,717.0)	12.4	(710.0)	3.9	1,027.0	6.3	(4,959.0)	29.5
Actuarial gains and (losses)	4,687.0	22.2	(1,366.0)	6.3	(1,314.0)	9.8	1,760.0	9.8	(1,817.0)	10.8

As at 31 March 2014, the Authority owed £51.5k for March contributions to the North Yorkshire Pension Fund.

# 28. Contingent Liabilities

There are no contingent liabilities.

### 29. Soft Loans

A series of short term loans were granted in 2013/14, the outstanding balance of £100.0k is included in short term debtors at 31 March 2014, and was repaid in May 2014. The Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority and the Yorkshire Wildlife Trust entered into a collaborative agreement relating to the Yorkshire Peat Project, the aim of which is to restore the upland peat environment of North Yorkshire.

Due to a timing issue where contractors need to be paid before the grant funds are received from Natural England, the Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority agreed to fund the Yorkshire Wildlife Trust with short term loans up to a maximum of £450K, to enable them to participate in the project. The Authority considers that entering into this agreement will facilitate the conservation and enhancement of the natural beauty and wildlife of the Yorkshire Dales National Park. As this was a collaborative project the loans were granted interest free.

Entity		2012/13 £000	Repayment Date	2013/14 £000	Repayment Date
Yorkshire Wildlife Trust	1	212.0	11/2/13-£175k, 20/2/13-£37k	200.0	29/01/2014
Yorkshire Wildlife Trust	2	212.0	18/3/13-£175k, 15/4/13-£37k	150.0	28/02/2014
Yorkshire Wildlife Trust	3	65.0	28/3/13-£65k	100.0	02/05/2014
Yorkshire Wildlife Trust	4	173.0	15/4/13-£138k, 22/4/13-£35k		
	_	662.0	- -	450.0	

# 30. Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Adopted

There are no standards issued but not adopted in 2013/14.

# **Annual Governance Statement**

# 1.0 Scope of Responsibility

- 1.1 The Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority ('the Authority') is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded, properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.
- 1.2 The Authority also has a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which its functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.
- 1.3 In discharging this overall responsibility, the Authority is responsible for putting in place proper arrangements for the governance of its affairs and facilitating the effective exercise of its functions. These include arrangements for the management of risk.
- 1.4 The Authority has approved and adopted a Corporate Governance Policy and a set of principles which are consistent with the CIPFA/SOLACE Guidance note on Delivering Good Governance in Local Government. A copy of the policy is available on our website <a href="www.yorkshiredales.org.uk">www.yorkshiredales.org.uk</a> or it can be obtained from; the Monitoring Officer, Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority, Yoredale, Bainbridge, Leyburn, North Yorkshire DL8 3EL.
- 1.5 This Statement explains how the Authority has complied with the Code, and also complies with the Accounts and Audit (England) Regulations 2011, regulation 4(3), which requires all relevant bodies to prepare an annual governance statement.

# 2.0 The Purpose of the governance framework

- 2.1 The governance framework comprises the systems, processes, culture and values, by which the Authority is directed and controlled and the activities through which it accounts to, engages with, and leads its stakeholders and the community. It enables the Authority to monitor the achievement of its strategic objectives and to consider whether these objectives have led to the delivery of appropriate services and have ensured best use of resources and value for money, in pursuit of National Park purposes.
- 2.2 The system of internal control is a significant part of that framework and is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level. It cannot eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives, and can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the Authority's policies, aims and objectives, evaluate the likelihood and potential impact of those risks being realised, and to manage those risks efficiently, effectively and economically.

2.3 The governance framework has been in place at the Authority for the year ended 31 March 2014 and up to the date of approval of the Statement of Accounts.

# 3.0 The governance framework

### 3.1 Introduction

National Park Authorities are independent special purpose bodies, working within the framework of local government. Their unique governance arrangements combine elements of accountability to Central Government (via Defra and the Department for Communities and Local Government) and to local communities. This reflects the needs and interests of both national and local stakeholders. Local accountability is achieved via the appointment to membership of the Authority of locally elected County, District and Parish Councillors.

- 3.2 The Authority's Corporate Governance Framework seeks to ensure that the principles of good governance are embedded into all aspects of its work.
- 3.3 The Authority has therefore adopted a Corporate Governance Policy which aims to implement the core values of the Authority. These core values are:
  - 1. Accountability: We explain our decisions and actions.
  - 2. Commitment: We will do what we say we will do.
  - 3. <u>Improvement:</u> We will continually improve our performance in addressing our statutory purposes.
  - 4. <u>Integrity</u>: Our relationships with the public, partners and each other are built on honesty, equality, impartiality and consistency. We welcome and respect diversity and demonstrate equality in working relationships.
  - 5. <u>Involvement:</u> We are open and approachable, and are proactive in encouraging wider and diverse participation in achieving our statutory purposes.
  - 6. <u>Valuing People</u>: We value the people who work for us and will ensure that they are equipped and empowered to provide professional services to the public.
- 3.4 The Corporate Governance Policy states that all Members of the Authority share responsibility for governance arrangements and requires the Monitoring Officer to review governance arrangements and to report annually to the Audit and Review Committee on the findings of that review.
- 3.5 Ultimately, decision-making power rests with Authority Members, advised by professional officers. Decisions are taken at meetings of the full Authority; at meetings of Committees (Finance and Resources, Audit and Review, Planning and Standards); or by officers under delegated powers. Operational management is the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer, with the help and support of the Senior Management Team (SMT). SMT also advises Authority Members on key issues such as performance management, priority setting, and change management. The training and development needs of Members and officers are addressed in annual training plans.

3.6 Key aspects of the corporate governance framework include the National Park Management Plan (NPMP) which establishes the vision for the National Park, and the highest level of objectives that the Authority is committed to see achieved, working in partnership with stakeholders. An annual Corporate Plan translates the Authority's commitments in the NPMP into service specific objectives, with targets, performance indicators and financial plans. This forms an integral part of the Performance Management regime which is dealt with in more detail in paragraph 4 below.

A Local Code of Governance is maintained, to compare the Authority's actual governance arrangements against the governance principles it has adopted, to monitor performance, and to identify changes that need to be made.

# 4.0 Performance Monitoring.

### 4.1 Aims of the Annual Performance Framework

The Authority's process for planning and reporting on performance aims to:

- Support a culture of consistently strong performance
- Provide an obvious 'line of sight' so that individual staff can see how their work contributes to the Authority's (and National Park Management Plan) objectives
- Be appropriate to the size of the organisation,
- Flow smoothly from year to year,
- Be simple to understand
- Produce good quality, timely information about the Authority's performance

# 4.2 Plans and reports

i. The Yorkshire Dales National Park Management Plan (NPMP) www.yorkshiredalesmanagementplan.org.uk sets out the long term vision for the whole National Park. It contains objectives, which are being implemented by a wide range of organisations and individuals, not just the National Park Authority. The NPMP steering group, made up of 15 organisations, meets twice a year to monitor implementation of the plan. The Authority takes a lead on a number of the Management Plan objectives as well as supporting other organisations with implementation.

A NPMP progress report giving an update against each objective in the Management Plan is produced annually – with inputs from the implementing organisations. This report is signed off by the NPMP steering group.

ii. The Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority Corporate Plan provides an overview of the National Park Authority – its mission, core values and information on funding and priorities. The Authority organises its objectives into work programmes, each of which is given a level of priority. Each year the Authority signs off this list of priorities for the year ahead with a fundamental review of priorities taking place every three years. The level of priority attached to each of the Authority's work programmes is set out in the Corporate Plan.

The Corporate Plan sets out the medium term (usually 2-3 years) objectives of the National Park Authority. This includes relevant Management Plan objectives as well as objectives to ensure the organisation is efficient and effective.

Progress towards achieving the Corporate Plan objectives is reported on a six monthly basis. The Authority's Audit and Review Committee and full Authority receive an end of year report on objectives.

iii. The Yorkshire Dales National Park Authority Annual Action Plan sets out the annual targets for each Corporate Plan objective along with the actions which show what the Authority is going to do to achieve its objectives. This list of the key actions for the year is set out under the relevant Corporate Plan objectives and programme headings.

Progress on the Actions is reported on a six monthly basis to the Senior Management Team and Audit and Review Committee.

4.3 Performance Management is applied consistently to the operations of the organisation and includes the national performance review process - National Park Authority Performance Assessment (NPAPA). Assessments take place every five years; the most recent was in 2010/11. They include issues such as service outcomes, use of resources and value for money. The process was being reviewed by National Park Authorities (NPAs) and Defra during 2013 but was suspended until the results of the Comprehensive Spending Review were clear. It is expected that the review will be re-started during 2014. A key aim of this review will be to reduce the burden of the process to make it fit for purpose at a time when the NPAs are greatly reduced in size.

# 5.0 Decision Making

- 5.1 The Authority's decision making framework is set out in publicly available documents, including standing orders, a statement of the powers delegated to Committees and Officers, a description of the role of Authority Members in governance arrangements, and a protocol on Member Officer relations. All such documents are kept up to date and reviewed when necessary (and at least once every five years).
- 5.2 The Authority and the four committees have distinct terms of reference. Meetings of the Authority are held in public (save for individual items of a sensitive nature properly considered in confidential session) with publicly available agendas and minutes, and members of the public may ask questions and make representations on relevant matters at meetings.
- 5.3 Arrangements for the management of partnerships through which many of the outcomes in the NPMP are delivered are in place. There are clear criteria as to whether the Authority should become or remain a member of a partnership, and work is done to seek to ensure the good governance of partnerships, as recommended by the Audit Commission.

# 6.0 Risk Management

6.1 Risk Management procedures link the process for identifying and managing risks explicitly to the achievement of the Authority's objectives. Significant risks are reviewed every four months with the Authority's insurance advisors, to ensure appropriate cover is in place both for existing and emerging issues and strategic risks are reported to and reviewed by the Senior Management Team and to the Audit & Review Committee.

### 7.0 Conduct and behavior

- 7.1 The Authority maintains Codes of Conduct for Members and officers together with registers of interests.
- 7.2 The Authority has adopted successor standards arrangements for the conduct of Members following the implementation of the Localism Act 2011 and has retained a Standards Committee. A Protocol for the work of the Independent Person has been adopted and training and advice are provided to ensure that knowledge and awareness are kept up to date.
- 7.3 The Code of Conduct for Officers has recently been updated.
- 7.4 The Annual Report from the Ombudsman on complaints received is considered by the Authority's Audit and Review Committee, so that the Authority can be assured that the procedure is working well and that lessons for service improvement are being identified wherever practicable
- 7.5 The Authority has a Whistleblowing Policy, with confidential reporting arrangements in place to enable internal and external whistle-blowing. There is an Anti-fraud and Corruption Policy in place. The Complaints, Compliments and Comments Policy was fully reviewed in 2009 and reviewed again in 2012

# 8.0 Financial Accountability

- 8.1 The Medium Term Financial Strategy is established by the Authority's Budget Process, which is developed in accordance with the Priorities approved by the Authority, and prepared in line with requirements laid down by Government.
- 8.2 The Financial Management of the Authority is embedded in the systems for budget setting, and for controlling and monitoring expenditure, which are applied consistently across its operations. These include Financial Regulations and the Finance Handbook; both are kept up to date and regularly reviewed.
- 8.3 The Authority has approved its Treasury Management Strategy. Monitoring of the operational budget was conducted during the year and findings incorporated into the budget planning process for 2014/15.
  - Contract Standing Orders and Financial Regulations set out arrangements governing the award of contracts, to ensure that procurement processes are fair transparent and lawful, and that best value for money is being obtained. Payment of

- allowances to Members is made in accordance with the Local Authorities (Members' Allowances) (England) Regulations, 2003.
- 8.4 Internal Audit (provided by Veritau Ltd) provides an independent review of compliance with all of the above.

### 9.0 Sources of Assurance

- 9.1 The main independent sources of assurance on the operation of the Corporate Governance Framework are the work of the Authority's Internal and External Auditors, whose work complements that of other external review bodies, for example the NPAPA peer review team, the Investors in People assessor, and the Customer Service Excellence assessor.
- 9.2 The Chief Executive Officer is the Authority's Head of Paid Service, and advises the Authority on issues of policy, staffing and resources. The Authority also employs a person in the role of Solicitor / Monitoring Officer, to advise on issues of ethical conduct and the lawfulness of decision making. Together with the Chief Financial Officer, they are responsible for ensuring compliance with relevant laws and regulations, internal policies and procedures, and that expenditure is lawful.
- 9.3 The Authority is compliant with the CIPFA Statement on The Role of the Chief Financial Officer in Local Government (2010). The Authority's Chief Financial Officer (S151 Officer Treasurer) is also the Director of Corporate Services, who sits on the Senior Management Team, has direct access as required to the Chief Executive and Members of the National Park Authority, and is directly responsible for the organisational leadership and management of an internal finance function with suitably qualified staff.

# 9.4 Audit arrangements

The Authority's internal audit arrangements conform with the governance requirements of the CIPFA Statement on the Role of the Head of Internal Audit (2010). The role of Head of Internal Audit is currently provided by Veritau Ltd, a provider of internal audit services to the public sector, and reports directly to the Authority's Audit and Review Committee. This Committee undertakes the core functions of an Audit Committee identified in CIPFA's Audit Committees: Practical Guidance for Local Authorities. These functions include raising the profile of internal control, risk management and financial reporting issues within the Authority, as well as providing a forum for the discussion of issues raised by internal and external auditors. However, the Committee also provides some scrutiny functions (noting that the guidance states that ideally, Audit Committees should be separate from such activity). However, the size of the Authority means that the current arrangements are fit for purpose.

# 9.5 Communications

The Authority establishes clear channels of communication with all sections of the community and other stakeholders, ensuring accountability and encouraging open consultation by having a dedicated Communications Team who are responsible for coordinating communications with the wide variety of stakeholders who are affected by or have an interest in the work of the National Park Authority and the National Park more generally.

- 9.6 The Authority's website is a key communication tool for residents and visitors and other regular communication tools include the publication of two newspapers for Residents (twice a year) and Visitors (annually) and the use of social media (Twitter and Facebook).
- 9.7 In addition the Authority endeavours to consult widely on policies and issues that are of interest to or impact on our stakeholders. For example, a public consultation preceded decisions on budget cuts required by Government in 2011; and in 2012/13 the Authority as part of a partnership of organisations reviewed the National Park Management Plan. This was a year long process involving two public consultation exercises, which attracted a wide range of feedback and used a number of methods to invite people's views on important issues for the future of the National Park. This included an online questionnaire, postcard campaign, photo competition, and encouraging participants to submit comments on Facebook and Twitter.

# 10.0 Review of Effectiveness

- 10.1 The Authority has responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of its governance framework including the system of internal control. The review of effectiveness is informed by Officers who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the governance environment, the Internal Audit reports on the audits conducted throughout the year, and also by comments made by the external auditors and other review agencies and inspectorates.
- 10.2 This continuous review is based on our Local Code of Corporate Governance, and results in annual reports by the Monitoring Officer to Senior Management Team and to the Audit & Review Committee. This Annual Governance Statement is then drawn up by the Chief Executive Officer, the Monitoring Officer and the Chief Finance Officer, in consultation with the Chairman of the Authority and the Member Champion for Corporate Management.

### 10.3 Results of latest review

The review of effectiveness for the Financial Year identified the following key issues relating to 2013/14:

Reviews of a number of governance documents have been undertaken, either to address new issues or because the policies concerned were due for review. This included policies that are specific to particular work areas, as well as the following, of more general significance in relation to governance:

- The Authority's Core Values
- The Risk Management Policy
- Adoption of an Independent Member Protocol
- Officer Code of Conduct

The Authority completed a series of reviews during the year. These were:

- Pennine Bridleway Review
- Sustainable Development Review
- Performance review of Landholdings and Estates

- An examination of the effectiveness of the Committee structure and Member involvement
- 10.4 The Monitoring Officer gives advice and guidance to members on the operation of the code and on the effectiveness of the new arrangements In November 2013 the Monitoring Officer reviewed and updated guidance on the Principles of Good Decision Making and this Guidance was re-issued to all members.
- 10.5 Work was undertaken to develop community consultation through the expansion of the Member Parish Initiative, development of Parish Forums, and undertaking a Residents' survey to evaluate public perception of the Authority's services.
- 10.6 In their Annual Audit Letter issued on 12<sup>th</sup> November 2013, the external auditors identified no issues with or weaknesses in the Authority's accounting records and systems, and consequently made no recommendations for improvements. The report stated that "our audit work consists of the ....review of the Annual Governance Statement (AGS) ...our work supports the issue of an unqualified value for money conclusion."
- 10.7 A total of seven reports were received from the Authority's internal auditors: these contained assessments of Creditors/Purchasing, Payroll, Debtors, Information Governance, Computer Audit, Risk Management and Performance Management.
- 10.8 There were no findings by the Ombudsman of maladministration by the Authority during 2013/14, and no complaints of breach of the code of conduct by an Authority Member.

We have been advised by the Senior Management Team and the Audit and Review Committee on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the governance framework, and we are satisfied that the arrangements continue to be regarded as fit for purpose in accordance with the governance framework. The areas already addressed, and those to be specifically addressed with new actions planned are outlined below.

# 11.0 Significant Governance Issues

11.1 The review of effectiveness identified the following areas to be addressed in 2014/15:

Reviews will be undertaken of the following policies and strategies:

- Data Protection Policy
- Implement the requirements of the Data Transparency Code with particular reference to the Authority's Publication Scheme
- Corporate Governance Policy
- Scheme of Delegation to Committee and Officers
- Protocol on Member and Officer Relations
- External Funding Strategy
- Review and revise the Authority's Pensions discretions policies in the light of the Local Government Pension Scheme 2014

- Review Personnel policies in line with the People Management Strategy.
- Upgrade Disaster Recovery plan.
- Review content and presentation of Finance and Resources papers to streamline and ensure they are fit for purpose.
- 11.2 The Authority will take any actions necessary to implement the final outcome of the Government's review of National Park Authority governance arrangements.
- 11.3 The Authority will take such action as is necessary to implement the review of Committee services
- 11.4 The Authority will take such action as is necessary to implement the recommendations from the planned audit of internal processes for managing compliance with the Data Protection Act.
- 11.5 The Authority will continue to undertake work to improve the accessibility of our websites for mobile devices.
- 11.6 A fundamental review of the Authority's priorities will be undertaken
- 11.7 The Authority will lead the national review of the National Park Authority's Performance Assessment process, produce revised proposal and implement the proposals by December 2014.
- 11.8 The Authority will issue the first draft buildings design guide for public consultation and will publicise the final draft
- 11.9 Work on the preparation of the core strategy within the Local Development Framework was reported to the Authority in March 2014 to establish the Authority's key policies as local planning authority for the Yorkshire Dales National Park. The Authority plan by 2015 to prepare a new Local Plan that sets out how the local planning system will be used positively to seek opportunities for development to help achieve the vision and objectives in NPMP. The Authority aims to publish a full final draft of the Local Plan by January 2015.
- 11.10 Natural England has proposed to Government a significant expansion of the Yorkshire Dales National Park, including the northern Howgill fells, the Orton Fells, and the Mallerstang Valley and these proposals were the subject of a public inquiry in June 2013. If the Secretary of State makes an order giving effect to all or part of these proposals, the Authority will need to consider issues of service delivery, effective communication and governance in relation to these new areas.

We propose over the coming year to take steps to address the above matters to ensure that our governance arrangements remain fit for purpose. We are satisfied that these steps will address the need for improvements that were identified in our review of effectiveness and will monitor their implementation and operation as part of our next annual review.

Signed	
	Chairman
	Chief Executive
Date:	
On behalf of the Yorkshire Dales National Park	Authority